This is a hazard alert mark.

This is an information mark that informs you about the operation of the balance.

NOTE: This manual and/or the GR series balances may be changed at any time to improve the product without notice.
1. Introduction

THANK YOU FOR YOUR A&D PURCHASE

This manual will tell you in simple language how this balance works and how to get the most out of it in terms of performance.

Chapters of this book
Basic operation ...................... Please read this chapter before use. cautions, basic operation and names are described.
Adapting to the environment ... Explanations concerning response adjustment, calibration and calibration test.
Functions ............................. Functions and parameters for the balance.
Serial interface (RS-232C) ...... This interface transmits data and can control the balance.
Maintenance ......................... Maintenance, error code list, options, terms and index.

Features

- Built-in Calibration Weight (internal weight), used to calibrate and verify the calibration of your balance.
- Automatic Self Calibration, using the built-in weight, adapting to changes in temperature.
- Automatic Response Adjustment, adapting to vibration and drafts in the environment.
- Data Memory Function, storing 200 weighing data.
- Interval Memory Mode, storing weighing data periodically.
- Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) data output using a serial interface.
- Under Hook, for measuring specific gravity and magnetic substances.
- The balance is equipped with the specific gravity measuring mode to calculate the specific gravity (density) of a solid.
- Multiple Weighing Units, with most of the common units used around the world.
- RS-232C serial interface, for transmitting data and controlling your balance.
- Door Control Lever, a front mounted door control can easily open and close one of the side doors if connected using the door joint.
Compliance with FCC Rules

Please note that this equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. This equipment has been tested and has been found to comply with the limits of a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC rules. These rules are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when equipment is operated in a commercial environment. If this unit is operated in a residential area it might cause some interference and under these circumstances the user would be required to take, at his own expense, whatever measures are necessary to eliminate the interference.

(FCC = Federal Communications Commission in the U.S.A.)

Compliance with EMC Directives

This device features radio interference suppression in compliance with valid EC Regulation 89/366/EEC.

Note 1  The displayed value may be adversely affected under extreme electromagnetic influences.

2  Protect the RS-232C connector from extreme electrostatic discharge when peripheral equipment is not connected. Protect the AC adapter jack from extreme electrostatic discharge when the AC adapter is not connected.
2. Caution

Precautions for Installing the Balance

To ensure that you get the most from your balance, please try to follow these conditions as closely as possible:

- The best operating temperature is about 20°C / 68°F at about 50% Relative Humidity.
- Try to ensure a stable power source when using the AC adapter.
- Please warm-up the balance for at least one hour. Plug-in the AC adapter as usual.
- The weighing room should be free of dust.
- The weighing table should be solid and free from vibration, drafts (such as frequently opening doors or windows) and as level as possible.
- Keep the balance level by using the bubble spirit level.
- Don't install the balance near heaters or air conditioners.
- Don't install the balance in direct sunlight.
- Don't use the balance near other equipment which produces magnetic fields.
- Corners of rooms are best as they are less prone to vibrations.
- Calibrate the balance before using and after moving it to another location.

⚠️ Do not place or use the balance where there is flammable or corrosive gas present.
Cautions during use (To get best performance)

Note the following items to get accurate weighing data.

- Press the [RE-ZERO] key before each weighing to prevent possible error.
- Calibrate the balance periodically so as to cancel possible weighing error.
- Make each weighing quickly to avoid errors due to changes in the environmental conditions.
- Close glass doors to keep out drafts.
- Do not drop things upon the weighing pan, or place a weight beyond the range of the balance on the weighing pan.
- Do not use a sharp instrument (such as a pencil or ball point pen) to press the keys, use your finger only.
- To weigh properly with a minimum display of 0.01 mg using the GR-202, replace the breeze break ring with the fine range breeze break ring. See page 8 for details.
- Discharge static electricity from the weighed matter. When weighing material (plastics, insulator, etc.) could have a static charge, the weight value is influenced. Try to keep the ambient humidity above 45%RH or to use the metal shield case.
- This balance uses a strong magnet as part of the balance assembly, so please use caution when weighing magnetic materials. If there is a problem, use the underhook (on the bottom of the balance) to suspend the material away from the influence of the magnet.
- Cancel the temperature difference between the weighed material and the environment. When a sample is warmer (cooler) than the ambient temperature, the sample will lighter (heavier) than true weight. This error is due to the rising (falling) draft next the sample.
- Take into consideration the affect of air buoyancy on a sample when more accuracy is required.
Operate your balance gently. Shorten the operation time as much as possible (Opening and closing door, placing and removing material). Use a pair of tweezers (pincette) to avoid temperature changes due to heat from inserting your hand into the weighing chamber.

Take Care of Your Balance

- Don't disassemble the balance. Contact your local A&D dealer if your balance needs service or repair.
- Don't use solvents to clean the balance. For best cleaning, wipe with a dry lint free cloth or a lint free cloth that is moistened with warm water and a mild detergent.
- When you transport the balance, hold it as shown in the right illustration. Never lift the balance using the weighing chamber frame.
- Keep magnetic substance away from the balance.
- Avoid mechanical shock to your balance.
- Avoid dust and water so that the balance weighs correctly. Protect the internal parts from liquid spills and excessive dust.
- Remove and clean the floor plate of the weighing chamber.
- Use the special shipping box supplied for transportation.

Power Supply

- When the AC adapter is connected, the balance is in the standby mode if the standby indicator is on (see "Display Symbols and Key Operation"). This is a normal state and does not harm the balance. We recommend that you plug in your balance for at least an hour before use so it can warm up.
3. Unpacking your balance

- Unpack the balance carefully and keep the packing material if you want to transport the balance again in the future.
- In the carton you should find this manual plus:

![Diagram of balance components]

- Weighing Pan
- Breeze Break Ring
- Fine Range Breeze Break Ring
- Dust Plate
- Floor Plate of the Weighing Chamber
- Door Control Lever
  - A side door can be opened and closed using the Door Control Lever, when the Door Joint is connected to a side door.

**Step Cards**
(A step card is attached to the balance)

![Step Cards diagram]

**AC Adapter**
Please confirm that the AC adapter type is correct for your local voltage and receptacle type.

- AC Adapter Jack
- External Key Jack
- Serial Interface (RS-232C)
- Grounding Terminal
Installing your Balance

Step 1 Consider the section "2. Caution" for installing your balance. Place the balance on a firm weighing table.

Step 2 Assemble the "Dust Plate", "Breeze Break Ring" and "Weighing Pan" on your balance. There is a reference illustration on the previous page.

Step 3 Adjust the level of the balance using the leveling feet. Ground the balance chassis for discharging static electricity if you have a static problem.

Step 4 Please confirm that the adapter type is correct for your local voltage and power receptacle type.

Step 5 Connect the AC adapter to the balance. Warm up the balance for at least one hour with nothing on the weighing pan.

Step 6 Calibrate the balance before use. (Refer to "7. Calibration")

Display Symbols and Key Operation

Processing indicator
Stabilization indicator
Stand-by indicator

The amount of stored data with memory data function
Response indicator
Units
Stand-by indicator of interval memory function
Data number of displaying data

Blinking indicators
Active indicator of interval memory function
A previous notice indicator of automatic self calibration
There are two operation types for pressing a key. Each key operation performs a different function.

First type : "Press and release the key immediately" or "Click the key"
Second type : "Press and hold the key"

The first type is "to press the key". The first type is normal key operation during measurement.

Caution
Do not press and hold the key, if you do not perform a rewrite of the internal parameters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Press the key</th>
<th>Press and hold the key</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON:OFF</td>
<td>Display ON / OFF key. The stand-by indicator is displayed, when the balance is turned off with this key. Weighing data is displayed, when the balance is turned on with this key.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RANGE</td>
<td>Minimum figure of weighing data is changed.</td>
<td>The function table menu is displayed. Refer to section &quot;9. Function table&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MODE</td>
<td>Units are changed (selected from the function table). Refer to section &quot;4. Weighing Units&quot;.</td>
<td>Response adjustment is performed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAL</td>
<td>This key performs calibration of the balance using the internal weight.</td>
<td>Other items of the calibration menu are displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRINT</td>
<td>Weighing data is stored in the balance (Factory setting) or is output to the RS-232C interface. This key functions according to the function table.</td>
<td>Data memory menu or GLP menu is displayed. This key functions according to the function table. Factory setting is &quot;not used&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RE-ZERO</td>
<td>The key sets the display to zero. This key returns a weighing value to the center of zero when the weighing pan is empty, and can also tare (cancel) the weight of container and/or sample. Please use this key before each weighing to cancel possible error.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. Weighing Units

The most common unit of weight used around the world is grams, but there is often a need to shift to an alternative unit specific to the country where the balance is used or to select modes such as counting or percent. The unit can be selected by the function table. The units are as follows (if some are missing please refer to your dealer):

If a mode (or unit) of weight has been turned off, the sequence will be missing that mode or unit. There are also the various Tael that can be included if necessary. (Tael is selected as a unit from four units installed at the factory.)

Note

If the law in your area permits, you may use all of the units, or at this software level you can disable the weighing units you don’t regularly use. Also, some dealers may initially turn OFF units which are not regularly used, but you may want to turn them back on.

Conversion table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbrev.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Conversion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mg</td>
<td>Milli-gram</td>
<td>0.001 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oz</td>
<td>Ounce (Avoir)</td>
<td>28.349523125 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ozt</td>
<td>Troy Ounce</td>
<td>31.1034768 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ct</td>
<td>Metric Carat</td>
<td>0.2 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mom</td>
<td>Momme</td>
<td>3.75 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dwt</td>
<td>Pennyweight</td>
<td>1.55517384 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GN</td>
<td>Grain (UK)</td>
<td>0.06479891 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TL</td>
<td>Tael (HK general, Sing.)</td>
<td>37.7994 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TL</td>
<td>Tael (HK, jewelry)</td>
<td>37.429 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TL</td>
<td>Tael (Taiwan)</td>
<td>37.5 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TL</td>
<td>Tael (China)</td>
<td>31.25 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t</td>
<td>Tola (India)</td>
<td>11.6638038 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mes</td>
<td>Messghal</td>
<td>4.6875 g</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Operation of unit selection

The unit can be selected in the function table. The sequence of displaying the unit can be arranged so as to fit the frequency of use in the function table. According to the sequence of displaying unit, the units can be changed with the [MODE] key at the weighing mode.

Selecting a unit and arranging the sequence of display

Step 1 Press and hold the [RANGE] key to display [RANGE] of the function table.

Step 2 Press the [RANGE] key several times to display [unit].

Step 3 Press the [PRINT] key to enter into unit selection.

Step 4 The unit can be selected using the following keys.
The unit display sequence is in the order of pressing the [RE-ZERO] key.

- [MODE] key The key to sequentially display the units.
- [RE-ZERO] key The key to select a unit. The [O] indicator is displayed at unit selected.

Step 5 Press the [PRINT] key to store the units. Then the balance displays next menu [id] of the function table.

Step 6 Press the [CAL] key to exit the function table. Then the balance returns to the weighing mode.
5. Weighing

Cautions for the weighing operation

- Operate your balance gently.
- Press the [RE-ZERO] key to prevent possible error before placing material on the pan (weighing material) each time.
- Shorten the operation time as much as possible. (Opening and closing door, placing and removing material)
- Temperature changes during measurement may cause weighing error.
- Use a pair of tweezers (pincette) to avoid a temperature change that is due to having your hand in the weighing chamber.
- Calibrate your balance periodically to maintain weighing accuracy. Refer to section "7. Calibration".
- Electrified material or magnetic body may cause a weighing error.
- Do not press keys with a sharp instrument (such as a pencil or ball point pen).
- Do not drop things on the pan, or place a weight on the pan that is beyond the weighing range of the balance.
- Keep the area clean and dry.
- Consider section "2. Caution" for weighing operation.

Basic Operation (gram mode)

Step 1 Calibrate your balance before use. (Refer to section "7. Calibration")

Step 2 Place a container on the weighing pan, if necessary.
   Press the [RE-ZERO] key to cancel net weight. The balance displays zero.
   Container: A vessel placed on the pan, but not to be included in the weighing data.

Step 3 Place material on the pan or in the container.

Step 4 Wait for the stabilization indicator to be displayed and read the value.

Step 5 Remove the material and container from the pan.
Counting Mode (pcs)

Selecting the counting mode
Step 1 Select the unit [PCS] using the [MODE] key. If the counting mode can not be selected, refer to section "4. Weighing Units". (PCS: pieces)

Storing a unit weight
Step 2 Press the [RANGE] key to enter the sampling mode.
Step 3 If you want to select the number of items to be used for the sample, press the [RANGE] key (several times). It may be set to 10, 25, 50 or 100.
Step 4 Place a container on the weighing pan, if necessary. Press [RE-ZERO] key to cancel this weight. ex. [10] in [PCS] is displayed in the case of 10 items.
Step 5 Place items on the pan. This number of items is the same quantity as the number displayed (10, 25, 50 or 100).
Step 6 Wait for the stabilization indicator to come on. Press the [PRINT] key to calculate the unit weight and store it.

Counting items
Step 7 You are now able to count the items by placing them on the pan.

Counting mode using the ACAI function
ACAI® (Automatic Counting Accuracy Improvement) is a function that improves the accuracy of the unit weight.
Step 8 If you add a few more items, the ACAI indicator turns on. (The ACAI indicator turns off if in overload)
Step 9 The balance re-calculates the unit weight while the ACAI indicator is blinking. Wait and do not touch the items on the pan until the ACAI indicator turns off automatically.
Step 10 You are now able to count items with a more accurate unit weight.
Step 11 If you add a few more items, proceed to step 8. The balance re-calculates a more accurate unit weight.
Selecting the unit of percent mode

Step 1 Select the unit [％] using the [MODE] key. If the percent mode can not be selected, refer to section "4. Weighing Units". (％：percent)

Storing 100% weight

Step 2 Press the [RANGE] key to enter the sampling mode.

Step 3 Place a container on the weighing pan, if necessary.
Press the [RE-ZERO] key to cancel the container weight and possible error. The balance displays 100.0.

Step 4 Place the item of 100% weight on the pan or in the container.

Step 5 Press the [PRINT] key to store this 100% weight.

Step 6 Remove the item from the pan.

Reading percentage

Step 7 You are now able to read the percentage based on the stored 100% weight.
6. Response Adjustment

This function stabilizes the weight value, reducing the influence on weighing that is caused by drafts and/or vibration at the place where the balance is installed. This function adjusts by automatically analyzing the environment or by hand-operation. The function has three stages as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Function table</th>
<th>Summaries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FAST</td>
<td>Cond 0</td>
<td>Fast response, Sensitive value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MID.</td>
<td>Cond 1</td>
<td>Slow response, Stable value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLOW</td>
<td>Cond 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response Indicator

Note
- If the automatic response adjustment is too awkward, try to refine it using the section "Manual Response Adjustment".
- The response adjustment can be changed at "Condition (Cond)" of "Environment & Display (Env)" in the function table. Refer to "9. Function table".

Automatic Response Adjustment

This way automatically updates the response adjustment by analyzing the influence of the environment on the weight data.

Operation
Step 1 Press and hold the MODE key until RESPONSE is displayed.

Step 2 The balance analyzes the influence and updates the response adjustment. If you want to cancel this update, press the CAL key.

Caution
Do not allow vibration or drafts to affect the balance.

Step 3 The balance returns to the weighing mode automatically and displays the updated response indicator.
Manual Response Adjustment

This way updates the response adjustment manually.

Operation

Step 1 Press and hold the [MODE] key until [RESPONSE] is displayed. Press the [MODE] key immediately.

Step 2 Select a stage of the response adjustment using the [MODE] key. Either [FAST] or [MID.] or [SLOW] can be selected.

Step 3 The balance automatically returns to the weighing mode after a few seconds of inactivity.
7. Calibration

Calibration Group

The GR series has the following modes concerning calibration and calibration test.

- Automatic Self Calibration
- Calibration using the internal weight
- Calibration using an external weight
- Calibration test using the internal weight
- Calibration test using an external weight
- Correction of the internal weight value

Note

- Calibration is controlled by the parameters of "Permission or prohibition". Refer to section "8. Function Switch and Initialization".

- The weight which can be used for calibration is called "the calibration weight". The weight which can be used for calibration test is called "the target weight". The weight which you have is called "the external weight".

Caution

- This calibration achieves the adjustment for accurate weighing. It is necessary to perform calibration in the following case.
  - When the balance is installed for the first time.
  - When the balance has been moved.
  - When the ambient environment has changed.
  - For periodical calibration.

- Prevent vibration, drafts, and ambient temperature changes from the influence for the balance during calibration.

- This indicator means "the balance is measuring calibration data". Do not allow vibration or drafts to affect the balance while this indicator is displayed.

- The data for GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) can be output using the RS-232C interface, when the "GLP output (on/off)" of "Data output (on/off)" is set to "on" or "off". Refer to section "9. Function table".

Caution using an External Weight

- The accuracy of an external weight can influence the accuracy of weighing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Usable external weight</th>
<th>Adjustable range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GR-120</td>
<td>100g, 50g</td>
<td>+15.9 mg ~ -15.0 mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GR-200</td>
<td>200g, 100g</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GR-300</td>
<td>200g, 300g</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GR-202</td>
<td>200g, 100g</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Automatic Self Calibration

This function automatically calibrates the balance, when the balance detects an ambient temperature change.

When the balance detects a change in ambient temperature, this indicator blinks and automatic self calibration is required. If the balance is not used for several minutes with this indicator blinking, the balance performs automatic self calibration. The environment will affect the time that the indicator blinks.

This display means "the balance is measuring calibration data". Do not allow vibration or drafts to affect the balance while this indicator is displayed.

Advice
You can use the balance while the indicator blinks. But, it is recommended that to maintain the best accuracy, stop using the balance and confirm that there is nothing on the pan when the indicator starts blinking.

Caution
- Do not place anything on the weighing pan during automatic calibration.

Control of Automatic Self Calibration
Automatic self calibration is controlled by a parameter in "Permission or prohibition". Refer to section "8. Function Switch and Initialization"
Calibration Using the Internal Weight

This function calibrates the balance using the internal weight.

Operation

Step 1 Connect the AC adapter and warm up the balance for at least one hour with nothing on the weighing pan.

Step 2 Press the [CAL] key to start calibration.

Step 3 The balance displays [CAL] and performs calibration. Prevent vibration and drafts from affecting the balance.

Step 4 If the "GLP output (F)b" of the "Function Table" is set to "1" or "2", "Calibration Report" is output from RS-232C interface.

Step 5 The balance will automatically return to the weighing mode after calibration.

Step 6 Test the accuracy of weighing using the calibration test function or by using a certified test weight.

Control of this Calibration

Calibration using the internal weight is controlled by a parameter in "Permission or prohibition". Refer to section "8. Function Switch and Initialization".

Calibration Using the Internal Mass

- : Not used

: Used
Calibration Test Using the Internal Weight

This function tests the balance accuracy using the internal weight.

Operation

Step 1  Connect the AC adapter and warm up the balance for at least one hour with nothing on the pan.

Step 2  Press and hold the [CAL] key until displaying [ ] in and then release the key.

Press and hold the key

Release the key

Step 3  The balance measures the zero point. Prevent vibration and drafts to affect the balance.

Step 4  The measured zero point data is displayed.

Step 5  Ready for the internal weight measurement.

Step 6  The balance measures the internal weight. Prevent vibration and drafts to affect the balance.

Step 7  The internal weight data is displayed.

Step 8  The balance informs you when the calibration test is finished. If the "GLP output ( )" of the "Function Table" is set to "i" or "z", "Calibration Test Report" is output by the RS-232C interface.

Step 9  The balance will automatically return to the weighing mode after the calibration test is finished.
Calibration Using an External Weight

This function calibrates the balance using an external weight. The weight to be used for calibration is called "the calibration weight". The weight which you have is called "the external weight".

Operation

Step 1 Connect the AC adapter and warm up the balance for at least one hour with nothing on the pan.

Step 2 Press and hold the \textbf{CAL} key until displaying \textbf{CAL out} and then release the key.

Step 3 The balance displays \textbf{CAL 0}.

- If you want to change the calibration weight value, proceed to step 4.
- If you use the stored calibration weight value in the balance, proceed to step 5.

Step 4 Press the \textbf{RANGE} key and adjust the calibration weight value using the following keys.

- \textbf{RE-ZERO} key: The key to set the value of the digit selected.
- \textbf{RANGE} key: The key to select the digit to change value.
- \textbf{PRINT} key: The key to store a new weight value and return to step 3.
- \textbf{CAL} key: The key to cancel this change and return to step 3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Usable weight</th>
<th>Adjustable range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GR-120</td>
<td>100g, 50g</td>
<td>+15.9 mg to -15.0 mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>200g, 100g</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GR-300</td>
<td>200g, 300g</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GR-202</td>
<td>200g, 100g</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note
Digits cyclically change using the \textbf{RE-ZERO} key. ex. 0mg→+15mg→-15mg→0mg

Step 5 Confirm that there is nothing on the pan and press the \textbf{PRINT} key. The balance measures the zero-point. Prevent vibration and drafts from affecting the balance.

Initial calibration weight value is 200.0000g at GR-200.

ex. calibration weight value = 200.0017g

To Next Page
Step 6 Place the displayed calibration weight on the pan and press the [PRINT] key. The balance displays the measured calibration weight. Prevent vibration and drafts from affecting the balance.

Step 7 Remove the weight from the pan after the balance displays \textit{End}.

Step 8 If the "GLP output (\textit{t}, \textit{n}, F_o)" of the "Function Table" is set to "/" or "/", "Calibration Test Report" is output by the RS-232C interface.

Step 9 The balance will automatically return to the weighing mode after calibration.

Step 10 Test the accuracy of weighing using the calibration test function with a certified test weight.

\textbf{Control of this Calibration}

Calibration using an external weight is controlled by a parameter in "Permission or prohibition". Refer to section "8. Function Switch and Initialization"

\begin{center}
\texttt{R 011111}
\end{center}

--- Calibration Using the External Mass

\begin{itemize}
  \item \texttt{G} : Not used
  \item \texttt{I} : Used
\end{itemize}
Calibration Test Using an External Weight

This function tests the balance for the accuracy using an external weight. A weight which is used for the calibration test is called "the target weight". The weight which you have is called "the external weight".

Operation

Step 1 Connect the AC adapter and warm up the balance for at least one hour with nothing on the pan.

Step 2 Press and hold the [CAL] key until displaying [CAL OUT] and then release the key.

Step 3 The balance displays [CAL].
- If you want to change the target weight value, proceed to step 4.
- If you use the stored target weight value in the balance, proceed to step 5.

Step 4 Press the [RANGE] key and adjust the calibration weight value using the following keys.

- RE-ZERO key: The key to set the value of the digit selected.
- RANGE key: The key to select the digit to change value.
- PRINT key: The key to store a new weight value and return to step 3.
- CAL key: The key to cancel this change and return to step 3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Usable weight</th>
<th>Adjustable range</th>
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<tr>
<td>GR-300</td>
<td>200g, 300g</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GR-202</td>
<td>200g, 100g</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Digits cyclically change using the [RE-ZERO] key. ex. 0mg → +15mg → -15mg → 0mg

Step 5 Confirm that there is nothing on the pan and press the [PRINT] key. The balance measures the zero-point and displays it. Prevent vibration and drafts from affecting the balance.

Initial target weight value is 200.0000g at GR-200.

ex. target weight value = 200.0017g

To Next Page

Adapting to environment
Step 6 Place the displayed target weight on the pan and press the [PRINT] key. The balance displays the measured target weight and displays it. Prevent vibration and drafts from affecting the balance.

Step 7 Remove the weight from the pan after the balance displays [End].

Step 8 If the "GLP output (mF_o)" of the "Function Table" is set to "1" or "2", "Calibration Test Report" is output by the RS-232C interface.

Step 9 The balance will automatically return to the weighing mode after calibration.
Correcting the Internal Weight Value

The GR series can correct the internal weight value within ±1.5 mg. The initial internal weight value of the GR-120 is 100.0000 g. The initial internal weight value of the GR-200, GR-300 and GR-202 is 200.0000 g.

Example
Weighing the same weight

The internal weight is corrected to +0.6 mg. The balance is calibrated with the internal weight.

Operation
Step 1 Turn off the display using the [ON/OFF] key.

Step 2 Press the [ON/OFF] key while the [RANGE] key and [PRINT] key are pressed and held. Then the balance displays \( \boxed{\text{PS}} \).

Step 3 Press the [PRINT] key. Then the balance displays the switches.

Step 4 Set the following switches to " / ".
- [RE-ZERO] key: The key to select the setting of the switch.
- [RANGE] key: The key to select the switch to change the setting.

Switch for the function table
Switch for the internal weight

Step 5 Press the [PRINT] key to store the new setting. The balance will return to the weighing mode.

Step 6 Press and hold the [RANGE] key to enter the function table and release the key when [bRSFnc] is displayed.

Step 7 Press the [RANGE] key several times to display \( \boxed{\text{ES in}} \).
Step 8 Press the **PRINT** key to enter into the procedure for correcting the internal weight value.

Step 9 Correct the internal weight value using the following keys.

- **RE-ZERO** key: The value is selected. (+1.5 mg ~ -1.5 mg)
- **PRINT** key: The new value is stored and \( i_d \) is displayed.
- **CAL** key: This correction is canceled and \( i_d \) is displayed.

Step 9 Press the **CAL** key. The balance will return to the weighing mode.

Step 9 Press the **CAL** key to calibrate the balance.

**Control of the Correction**
Correction of the internal weight value is controlled by the parameters in "Permission or prohibition". Refer to section "8. Function Switch and Initialization"
8. Function Switch and Initialization

Permission or Prohibition

The balance stores parameters that must not be changed carelessly (ex. Calibration data for precision weighing, Data for adapting to environment, Control data for RS-232C interface, etc.). There are five switches for the purpose of preserving these parameters. Each switch can select either "permission" or "prohibition". The "prohibition" protects careless operation.

Switches

Switches

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Function Table</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 0 : To inhibit change to the function table.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 : To permit change to the function table.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Calibration with the Internal Weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 0 : To inhibit calibration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 : To use calibration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Calibration with an External Weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 0 : To inhibit calibration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 : To use calibration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Automatic Self Calibration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 0 : Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 : Used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Correcting the Internal Weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 0 : To inhibit correction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 : To use correction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operation

Step 1 Turn off the display using the [ON:OFF] key.

Step 2 Press the [ON:OFF] key while the [RANGE] key and [PRINT] key are pressed and held. Then the balance displays [PS].

Step 3 Press the [PRINT] key. Then the balance displays the switch settings.

Step 4 Set the switches using the following keys.

- [RE-ZERO] key The key to change the setting of the switch.
- [RANGE] key The key to select the switch to change the setting.
- [PRINT] key The key to store the new setting.
- [CAL] key The key to cancel this operation.

Adapting to environment
Initializing the Balance

This function returns the following parameters to factory settings.

- Calibration data.
- Function table.
- The 100% weight
- The data that is stored in the balance using data memory function.
- External calibration weight and target weight.
- Switch settings for "Permission or prohibition".

Operation

Step 1 Turn off the display.

Step 2 Press the [ON:OFF] key while the [RANGE] key and [PRINT] key are pressed and held. Then the balance displays $5$. While press and hold these keys Press the key

Step 3 Press the [RANGE] key to display $L$.

Step 4 Press the [PRINT] key. (If you want to cancel this operation, press the [CAL] key)

Step 5 Press the [RE-ZERO] key.

Step 6 Press the [PRINT] key to initialize the balance. The balance will automatically return to weighing mode.
9. Function Table

The operation of the "Function Table" is to read or rewrite the parameters that are stored in the balance. These parameters are stored until the next change even without power applied.

Caution
The balance may not work effectively when a combination of parameters and environment are not proper. Confirm the parameter before changing it.

Structure and Sequence of the Function Table
The function table menu consists of two layers. The first layer is the "Class" and second layer is the "Item". Each Item stores a parameter. The effective parameter is the last parameter that is displayed in the sequence. New parameters operate upon the balance after pressing the PRINT key.

Example
This example sets "use" to "Data memory" and "every minute" to "Interval time".

Control of this Function Table
The function table is controlled by a parameter in "Permission or prohibition". Refer to section "8. Function Switch and Initialization"

Function table

R: Change not permitted
I: Change permitted
Display and Keys of the Function Table

0
The "0" symbol is displayed at a selected parameter.

RANGE
When the key is pressed and held in weighing mode, the balance enters the "function table mode".
The key to change the class or item in the function table mode.

RE-ZERO
The key to select the parameter, when the balance displays an item.

PRINT
The key to move to an item from the class, when the balance displays a class.
The key to store new parameters and display the next class, when the balance displays an item.

CAL
The key to cancel new parameters and display the next class, when the balance displays an item.
The key to exit the function table mode, when the balance displays a class.
## Details of the Function Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Parameters</th>
<th>Summaries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Environment,</td>
<td>Cond</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Fast</td>
<td>Common data of &quot;Response adjustment&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display</td>
<td>Condition</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>response</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Slow</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>response</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>and</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>stable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stability band</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Stable</td>
<td>The stability indicator lights when</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>width</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>when</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>within</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>±1 digit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Stable</td>
<td>The display fluctuation is within</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>when</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>within</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>±3 digit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero tracking</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>The function to keep zero display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>by tracking zero-drift.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display update</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>The period to refresh the display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rate</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Fast</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10 times/second</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decimal point</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Point</td>
<td>The form of decimal point.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Comma</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic start</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>Connecting adaptor, the display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>turns on without key operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data output</td>
<td>Prb</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Key mode</td>
<td>Data is output or stored with</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Auto-print</td>
<td>PRINT key and stability indicator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>mode A</td>
<td>Data is output or stored when</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Standard</td>
<td>the display value is stable and meets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>value is</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>zero)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Auto-print</td>
<td>the conditions of $R^P$, $R^B$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>mode B</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Standard</td>
<td>and standard value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>value is</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>last</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>stable value)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Stream mode</td>
<td>In case of $d_{R} \in R \in R$.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>/</td>
<td>Data is output continuously.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Interval</td>
<td>Data memory function is used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>memory mode</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-print polarity</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Plus polarity</td>
<td>Data value ≥ Standard value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for mode A or B</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Minus polarity</td>
<td>Standard value &gt; Display value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Both</td>
<td>Standard value ≥ Display value</td>
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<td></td>
<td>polarities</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Absolute</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>value)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-print</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10 digit</td>
<td>Difference between standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>difference</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>100 digit</td>
<td>value and display value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for mode A or B</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1000 digit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data memory</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Not used</td>
<td>Relation: $P_r \in R$, $n_\in R$, $d_{-n_\in R}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>function</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Use</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interval time</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Every</td>
<td>Interval time is selected on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for Data memory</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Measurement</td>
<td>$P_r \in R$, $d_{-n_\in R}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Every</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 seconds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Every</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 seconds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Every</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>30 seconds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Every</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 minute</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Every</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 minutes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Every</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 minutes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Every</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 minutes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*: factory setting.  "Digit" is the unit of minimum display.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Summaries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dout</td>
<td>d - no</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Data number output</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUSE</td>
<td>use</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No pause</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Data pause</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Pause (1.5 second)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RLF</td>
<td>Auto feed</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Selection of paper feed after printing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inF</td>
<td>GLP output</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>AD-8121 format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Data format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rr - d</td>
<td>Zero after output</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S , F</td>
<td>baud rate</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>600 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1200 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2400 bps</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4800 bps</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>9600 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Length, Parity bit</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7 bits, even parity check</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7 bits, odd parity check</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8 bits, no parity check</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Terminator</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>CR, LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>CR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EYPE</td>
<td>Data format</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>A&amp;D standard format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>DP format</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>KF format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>MT format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>NU format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E - UP</td>
<td>Receive time</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>For one second</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E - Ed</td>
<td>&lt;AK&gt; and error code</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>No output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>AK: ASCII code 06h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CTS</td>
<td>CTS control</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Using CTS and RTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d5 Func</td>
<td>Specific gravity measuring mode</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Enter the water temperature. Available only when the specific gravity measuring mode is selected. Refer to section &quot;13. Specific gravity (density) measurement&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Liquid density</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Enter the density directly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to section &quot;4. Weighing Units&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E5  in</td>
<td>Correction of internal weight</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to section &quot;7. Calibration&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>id</td>
<td>ID number</td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer to section &quot;10. ID number and GLP&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

: factory setting.

Caution
When the baud rate is set to 2400bps or less, the output rate is slower than the display update rate and the balance may not transmit the data completely (and transmits it intermittently).
Explanation of Item "Environment, Display"

Condition (cond)

cond 0 This parameter is for sensitive response to the fluctuation of a weight value. Use for target weighing of powder, weighing of a very light sample or weighing requiring quick response.

cond 2 This parameter is for stable weighing with slow response. Use to prevent a weight value from drifting depended on the balance location.

Stability band width (sb)

This item controls the width to regard a weight value as a stable value. When the fluctuation per second is less than this parameter, the balance displays the stability indicator and outputs or stores the data. This parameter influences the "Auto-print mode"

sb 0 This parameter is for sensitive response of the stability indicator. Use for exact weighing.

sb 2 This parameter ignores slight fluctuation of a weight value. Use to prevent the weight value from drifting.

Zero tracking (zrc)

This function traces zero point drift and keeps a zero display automatically, when the weighing value drifts due to changes in the environment.

zrc 0 The tracking function is not being used. Use for weighing of a very light sample.

zrc 1 The tracking function is used.

Display update rate (Spd)

The display update rate influences "Baud rate", "Data pause" and "Stream mode".

Decimal point (pnt)

The decimal point form can be selected.

Automatic start (p-ans)

When the AC adapter is connected, weighing is automatically started without key operation. Use for a built-in balance in a system. Warm-up for at least one hour is necessary for accurate weighing.
Explanation of Item "Data output mode"

The [PRINT] key can be used at any time for transmitting data.

**Key Mode**

When you press the [PRINT] key and the display value is stable, the balance outputs the weighing data and the display blinks one time.

Required setting  \( dout \ P_b \ 0 \)  Print key mode

**Auto-Print Mode A**

When the display value is stable and meets the conditions of "Auto-print polarity", "Auto-print band" and standard value (of zero point), the balance outputs the weighing data. If you press the [PRINT] key, the balance outputs the data and the display blinks one time.

Required setting  \( dout \ P_b \ 1 \)  Auto-print mode A  
\( dout \ RP-P \)  Auto-print polarity  
\( dout \ RP-b \)  Auto-print band

Example  "Weighing and removing one item."

**Auto-Print Mode B**

When the display value is stable and meets the conditions of "Auto-print polarity", "Auto-print band" and standard value (of last stable value), the balance outputs the weighing data. If you press the [PRINT] key, the balance outputs the data and the display blinks one time.

Required setting  \( dout \ P_b \ 2 \)  Auto-print mode B  
\( dout \ RP-P \)  Auto-print polarity  
\( dout \ RP-b \)  Auto-print band

Example  "Transmitting the data of each operation."

**Stream Mode**

The balance outputs the weighing data continuously.

Required setting  \( dout \ P_b \ 3 \)  Stream mode  
\( dout \ data \ 0 \)  Data memory function is not used.  
\( b_{SP} \ SPd \)  Display update rate  
\( b_{SP} \ bPS \)  Baud rate

Example  "Monitoring data on a computer"

**Caution**

When the baud rate is set to 2400bps or less, the display update rate is faster than the output rate and the balance may not transmit the data completely (and transmits it intermittently).
Interval Memory Mode

This is the data memory function mode. Weighing data is periodically stored in the balance. The interval memory mode can not be used, while stream mode is used.

Required setting  
- dout Pr 3 Stream mode
- dout dAER 1 Data memory function is used.
- dout int Interval time

Example  "Periodical weighing without computer command and outputting all of the data to a computer at one time"

Explanation of Item "Data format"

A&D standard format  

This format is used when the peripheral equipment is capable of receiving A&D format. If an AD-8121 is used, set the printer to mode 1 or 2.

- This format consists of fifteen characters (excluding the terminator).
- A header of two characters indicates the status of the stability.
- The plus sign is placed before the data, when the data is zero or positive.
- The weight data uses leading zeros.
- The unit has three characters.

\[
\text{ST} + 000 . 1278 \ldots g \text{CR} \text{LF}\]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Header</th>
<th>Data</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Terminator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ST</td>
<td>Stable header</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US</td>
<td>Unstable header</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OL</td>
<td>Overload header</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QT</td>
<td>Stable header for counting mode</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D.P. (Dump print) format  

This format is used when the peripheral equipment can not process the A&D format. If an AD-8121 is used, set the printer to mode 3.

- This format consists of sixteen characters (excluding the terminator).
- A header of two characters indicates the status of the stability without overload.
- The polarity sign is placed before data, if not zero or overloaded.
- The weight data has spaces in place of the leading zeros.
- The unit has three characters.

\[
\text{WT} \ldots + 0 . 1278 \ldots g \text{CR} \text{LF}\]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Header</th>
<th>Data</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Terminator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WT</td>
<td>Stable header</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US</td>
<td>Unstable header</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QT</td>
<td>Stable header for counting mode</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**KF format**

This is the Karl-Fischer moisture meter format, and is used when the
peripheral equipment can only communicate using this format.

- This format consists of fourteen characters (excluding the terminator).
- This format has no header characters.
- The polarity sign is first, if not zero or overloaded.
- The weight data uses spaces in place of leading zeros.
- This format outputs the unit "g" only for a stable value.

```
+________0.1278________CR LF
```

Data  Unit  Terminator

Stable value

Unstable value

**MT format**

- This format has a two character header.
- The polarity sign is used only for negative data.
- The weight data uses spaces in place of the leading zeros.
- The character length of this format changes dependent upon the unit.

```
S________0.1278________CR LF
```

Header  Data  Unit  Terminator

S Stable header

SD Unstable header

SI Overload header

**NU (numerical) format**

This format has only numerical data.

- This format consists of nine characters (excluding the terminator).
- The polarity sign is first.
- The weight data uses leading zeros.

```
+000.1278CR LF
```

Data  Terminator

**Data number format**

This data number format is output just before data is transmitted to the RS-232C interface.

- This format consists of six characters (excluding the terminator).

```
NO001CR LF
```

Data number  Terminator
### Examples of data format

#### Stable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A&amp;D</th>
<th>ST</th>
<th>+0 00 0</th>
<th>1 2 7 8</th>
<th>g</th>
<th>CR</th>
<th>LF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D.P.</td>
<td>WT</td>
<td></td>
<td>+0 1 2 7 8</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KF</td>
<td>+0 1 2 7 8</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MT</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>0 1 2 7 8</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NU</td>
<td>+0 0 0 0</td>
<td>1 2 7 8</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Unstable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A&amp;D</th>
<th>US</th>
<th>-0 1 8 3 6 9 0</th>
<th>g</th>
<th>CR</th>
<th>LF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D.P.</td>
<td>US</td>
<td>-1 8 3 6 9 0</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KF</td>
<td>-1 8 3 6 9 0</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MT</td>
<td>SD</td>
<td>-1 8 3 6 9 0</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NU</td>
<td>-0 1 8 3 6 9 0</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Overload

**Positive error**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A&amp;D</th>
<th>OL</th>
<th>+9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 E</th>
<th>+1 9 CR</th>
<th>LF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D.P.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MT</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NU</td>
<td>+9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Negative error**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A&amp;D</th>
<th>OL</th>
<th>-9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 E</th>
<th>+1 9 CR</th>
<th>LF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D.P.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MT</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NU</td>
<td>-9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9</td>
<td>CR</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Data number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>N 0 . 0 0 1 CR</th>
<th>LF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ST</td>
<td>+0 0 0 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Space, ASCII 20h

CR Carriage Return, ASCII 0Dh

LF Line Feed, ASCII 0Ah
## Units

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>A&amp;D</th>
<th>D.P.</th>
<th>KF</th>
<th>MT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gram mode</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>g</td>
<td>g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milligram mode</td>
<td>mg</td>
<td>mg</td>
<td>mg</td>
<td>mg</td>
<td>mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counting mode</td>
<td>pcs</td>
<td>PCS</td>
<td>PCS</td>
<td>PCS</td>
<td>PCS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent mode</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ounce (Avoir)</td>
<td>oz</td>
<td>oz</td>
<td>oz</td>
<td>oz</td>
<td>oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Troy Ounce</td>
<td>ozt</td>
<td>ozt</td>
<td>ozt</td>
<td>ozt</td>
<td>ozt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metric Carat</td>
<td>ct</td>
<td>ct</td>
<td>ct</td>
<td>ct</td>
<td>ct</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Momme</td>
<td>mom</td>
<td>mom</td>
<td>mom</td>
<td>mom</td>
<td>mom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennyweight</td>
<td>dwt</td>
<td>dwt</td>
<td>dwt</td>
<td>dwt</td>
<td>dwt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grain</td>
<td>GN</td>
<td>GN</td>
<td>GN</td>
<td>GN</td>
<td>GN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tael (HK general, Sing.)</td>
<td>tl</td>
<td>TL</td>
<td>TL</td>
<td>t1s</td>
<td>t1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tael (HK, jewelry)</td>
<td>tl</td>
<td>TL</td>
<td>TL</td>
<td>t1h</td>
<td>t1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tael (China)</td>
<td>tl</td>
<td>TL</td>
<td>TL</td>
<td>t1t</td>
<td>t1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tael (Taiwan)</td>
<td>tl</td>
<td>TL</td>
<td>TL</td>
<td>t1c</td>
<td>t1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tola (India)</td>
<td>t</td>
<td>t</td>
<td>t</td>
<td>t</td>
<td>t</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Messghal</td>
<td>m</td>
<td>mes</td>
<td>mes</td>
<td>MS</td>
<td>m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td></td>
<td>DLS</td>
<td>DLS</td>
<td>DLS</td>
<td>DLS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. The ID Number, GLP Report

- The ID number is used to identify the balance when Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) is used.

- The ID number is output on the "Calibration Report", "Calibration Test Report" and "Title block".

- The GLP output format is selected at the "GLP output (F0)" of the "Function Table".

- The balance can output the following reports for GLP.
  "Calibration Report" of the calibration using the internal weight.
  "Calibration Report" of the calibration using an external weight.
  "Calibration Test Report" of the calibration using the internal weight.
  "Calibration Test Report" of the calibration using an external weight.
  "Title block" and "End block" for weighing data.

Setting of the ID Number

Step 1 Press and hold the [RANGE] key to display $\text{h85Frac}$.  
Step 2 Press the [RANGE] key several times to display $\text{rd}$.
Step 3 Press the [PRINT] key. You can set the ID number using the following keys.

- **RANGE** key: The key to increment the digit.
- **RE-ZERO** key: The key to select the character of the digit. Refer to the following table for the "Display Character Set".
- **PRINT** key: The key to store a new ID number and proceed to the next class of the function table.
- **CAL** key: The key to cancel the new ID number and proceed to the next class of the function table.

Step 4 Press the [CAL] key to return to the weighing mode.

Display Character Set

```
0123456789ABCDEFHGIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
```

- Space
Set the following parameters to output the report.

- If the report is printed, set the "GLP output \( \ln F_D \)" to "1". The AD-8121 printer is used in this explanation. Refer to "14. Connection to the AD-8121". The AD-8121 uses MODE 3.
- The report is output to the RS-232C interface of a computer, set the "GLP output \( \ln F_D \)" to "2".

**Calibration report using the internal weight**

**Key operation**

Step 1 Press the **CAL** key to display \( \ln F_D \). The balance calibrates automatically.

Step 2 If the calibration report is output, \( \ln F_D \) is displayed and the GLP data is output.

Step 3 The balance returns to the normal weighing mode automatically.

**AD-8121 format**

\( \ln F_D \)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factory</th>
<th>A &amp; D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PRODUCT</td>
<td>MODEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SeriAl number</td>
<td>S/N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>ID number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time</td>
<td>04:47:40 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALIBRATED(INT.)</td>
<td>Calibration type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Space mark, ASCII 20H.
- \(<\)TERM\> Terminator mark, \( c_R \)
- \( c_R \) carriage return mark, ASCII 0DH
- \( l_F \) line feed mark, ASCII 0AH

**Data format**

\( \ln F_D \)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A &amp; D</th>
<th>(&lt;)TERM&gt;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MODEL</td>
<td>GR-200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S/N</td>
<td>12345678</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>ABCDEFGH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>(&lt;)TERM&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIME</td>
<td>(&lt;)TERM&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALIBRATED(INT.)</td>
<td>(&lt;)TERM&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIGNATURE</td>
<td>(&lt;)TERM&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example of GR-200
Calibration test report using the internal weight

**Key operation**

Step 1 Press and hold the **CAL** key until displaying **{{CF}}**. Release the key.

Step 2 The balance displays **{{CF}}** and performs the calibration test automatically.

Step 3 The zero point is measured and this value is displayed.

Step 4 The internal weight is measured and this value is displayed.

Step 5 If the calibration test report is output, **{{GLP}}** is displayed and the GLP data is output.

Step 6 The balance returns to the weighing mode automatically.

**Command operation**

Step 1 Transmit the **TST** command to the balance.

Step 2 The balance performs the calibration test automatically.

Step 3 If the calibration test report is output, the GLP data is output.

Step 4 The balance returns to the weighing mode automatically.

---

**AD-8121 format**

```
0.0000 g
+200.0002 g
```

---

**Data format**

```
0.0000 g
+200.0002 g
```

---

- Space mark, ASCII 20H.
- **<TERM>** Terminator mark, **C_R** or **F**.
- **C_R** Carriage return mark, ASCII 0DH
- **F** Line feed mark, ASCII 0AH

---

Example of GR-200
Calibration Report using an external weight

Key operation

Step 1 Press and hold the CAL key until displaying CAL IN. Release the key.

Step 2 The balance displays CAL O.
- If you want to change the calibration weight value, proceed to step 3.
- If you use the stored calibration weight value in the balance, proceed to step 4.

Step 3 Press the RANGE key and adjust calibration weight using the following keys.
- RE-ZERO key: The key to set the value of the digit selected.
- RANGE key: The key to select the digit to change value.
- PRINT key: The key to store a new weight value and return to step 2.
- CAL key: The key to cancel this change and return to step 2.

Step 4 Press the PRINT key. The zero point is measured and this value is displayed.

Step 5 Place the calibration weight on the pan and press the PRINT key. The weight is measured and this value is displayed.

Step 6 Remove the weight after CAL O is displayed.

Step 7 If the calibration report is output, CAL P is displayed and the GLP data is output.

Step 8 The balance returns to the weighing mode automatically.

AD-8121 format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A &amp; D</th>
<th>Factory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GR-200</td>
<td>Product</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12345678</td>
<td>Serial number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCDFGH</td>
<td>ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98/04/09</td>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14:22:48 PM</td>
<td>Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALIBRATED (EXT.)</td>
<td>Calibration type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+200.0000 g</td>
<td>Calibration weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIGNATURE</td>
<td>Signature</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A &amp; D&lt;TERM&gt;</th>
<th>Factory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GR-200&lt;TERM&gt;</td>
<td>Product</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12345678&lt;TERM&gt;</td>
<td>Serial number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCDFGH&lt;TERM&gt;</td>
<td>ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98/04/09&lt;TERM&gt;</td>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14:22:48&lt;TERM&gt;</td>
<td>Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALIBRATED (EXT.)&lt;TERM&gt;</td>
<td>Calibration type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+200.0000 g&lt;TERM&gt;</td>
<td>Calibration weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIGNATURE&lt;TERM&gt;</td>
<td>Signature</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example of GR-200

Space mark, ASCII 20H.
<TERM> Terminator mark, CR LF or CR.
CR Carriage return mark, ASCII 0DH
LF Line feed mark, ASCII 0AH
Calibration Test Report using an external weight

Key operation
Step 1 Press and hold the [CAL] key until displaying [CE out]. Release the key.

Step 2 The balance displays [CE].
- If you want to change the target weight value, proceed to step 3.
- If you use the stored target weight value in the balance, proceed to step 4.

Step 3 Press the [RANGE] key and adjust target weight using the following keys.

RE-ZERO key The key to set the value of the digit selected.
RANGE key The key to select the digit to change value.
PRINT key The key to store a new weight value and return to step 2.
CAL key The key to cancel this change and return to step 2.

Step 4 Press the [PRINT] key. The zero point is measured and this value is displayed.

Step 3 Place the calibration weight on the pan and press the [PRINT] key. The weight is measured and this value is displayed.

Step 4 Remove the weight after [End] is displayed.

Step 5 If the calibration test report is output, [ittiP] is displayed and the GLP data is output.

Step 6 The balance returns to the weighing mode automatically.

AD-8121 format

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| A & D | A & D<TERM>
| MODEL | MODEL GR-200<TERM>
| S/N | S/N 12345678<TERM>
| ID | ID ABCDEFGH<TERM>
| DATE | DATE<TERM>
| 98/04/09 14:30:24 PM | TIME<TERM>
| CAL.TEST(EXT.) | CAL.TEST(EXT.)<TERM>
| ACTUAL | ACTUAL<TERM>
| 0.0000 | 0.0000000 g<TERM>
| +200.0002 | +200.0002 g<TERM>
| TARGET | TARGET<TERM>
| +200.0000 | +200.0000 g<TERM>
| SIGNATURE | SIGNATURE<TERM>

Data format

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| A & D | A & D<TERM>
| MODEL | MODEL GR-200<TERM>
| S/N | S/N 12345678<TERM>
| ID | ID ABCDEFGH<TERM>
| DATE | DATE<TERM>
| 98/04/09 14:30:24 PM | TIME<TERM>
| CAL.TEST(EXT.) | CAL.TEST(EXT.)<TERM>
| ACTUAL | ACTUAL<TERM>
| 0.0000 | 0.0000000 g<TERM>
| +200.0002 | +200.0002 g<TERM>
| TARGET | TARGET<TERM>
| +200.0000 | +200.0000 g<TERM>
| SIGNATURE | SIGNATURE<TERM>

---

Space mark, ASCII 20H.
<TERM> Terminator mark, <R>, <F>, or <R>
Ct Carriage return mark, ASCII 0DH
LF Line feed mark, ASCII 0AH

Example of GR-200

10. The ID Number, GLP Report  Page 44  Functions
### Title Block and End Block

**Use**

When a weight value is recorded as the GLP data, the GLP report can put the weighing value between "Title block" and "End block."

**Caution**

If data memory function is used, the "Title block" and "End block" can not be output. Use MODE 3 of the AD-8121.

**Key operation**

- **Step 1** Press and hold the [PRINT] key to display [Start] and release the key. The "Title block" is output.
- **Step 2** The weighing data is output.
- **Step 3** Press and hold the [PRINT] key to display [End] and release the key. The "End block" is output.

The "Title block" and "End block" are output alternately by pressing the [PRINT] key.

#### AD-8121 format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14:38:47 PM</td>
<td>+123.4757 g</td>
<td>14:36:47 PM</td>
<td>+123.4761 g</td>
<td>14:36:47 PM</td>
<td>+123.4754 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14:41:51 PM</td>
<td>+123.4750 g</td>
<td>14:41:51 PM</td>
<td>+123.4743 g</td>
<td>14:41:51 PM</td>
<td>+123.4758 g</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

### Functions

- Space mark, ASCII 20H.
- Terminator mark, $c_R$ or $c_L$.
- $c_R$: Carriage return mark, ASCII 0DH
- $c_L$: Line feed mark, ASCII 0AH

---

10. The ID Number, GLP Report
The data memory function can store 200 sets of weighing data. If the power switch is turned off, AC power is interrupted or the AC adapter is removed, the data is maintained in non-volatile memory.

It is not necessary that the printer or computer be continually connected to the balance, because the balance stores the weight data in memory.

There are four types of operating modes to store the data.

- **Key Mode**
  When you press the [PRINT] key and the display value is stable, the balance stores the weighing data.

- **Auto-Print Mode A**
  When the display value is stable and meets the conditions of "Auto-print polarity", "Auto-print band" and standard value (of zero point), the balance stores the weighing data.

- **Auto-Print Mode B**
  When the display value is stable and meets the conditions of "Auto-print polarity", "Auto-print band" and standard value (of last stable value), the balance stores the weighing data.

- **Interval Memory Mode**
  Weighing data is periodically stored in the balance. This mode can be started or stopped using the [PRINT] key.

The data number can be appended just before the weighing data. (This is the serial number of the data in memory.)

**Symbols**

- The amount of data in memory
- Full memory
- Display of weighing
- Interval memory mode
- Standby indicator
- Interval memory mode
- Operation indicator
- Current data number
- Display of data in memory
Caution

- When weighing data is being placed in memory, the data can be not output to the RS-232C interface.
- The "FULL" means full memory. More data can be not stored until deletion of the stored data.
- Automatic self calibration can not be used while the interval memory mode is working.
- The following commands can not be used during data storage.
  Q  Query command for weighing data.
  S  Request command for stable weighing data.
  SI Query command for weighing data.
  SIR Request command for continuous weighing data.

## Preparation of the Function Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Data output mode</th>
<th>Auto-print polarity</th>
<th>Data memory function</th>
<th>Interval time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Key mode</td>
<td>Prt 0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>dATR 1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-Print Mode A</td>
<td>Prt 1</td>
<td>AP-P 0-2</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>dATR 1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-Print Mode B</td>
<td>Prt 2</td>
<td>AP-P 0-2</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>dATR 1</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interval Memory Mode</td>
<td>Prt 3</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>dATR 1</td>
<td>int 0-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Not used data number: d-no 0
Use data number: d-no 1

Note
The data memory function does not work with dATR 0.

## Output of Data from Memory

### Displaying and Transmitting the Data

1. Press and hold the [PRINT] key until displaying [RECALL] and release the key.

2. Press the [PRINT] key to enter the mode. Use the following keys.
   - [RE-ZERO] key: The key to proceed to the next data.
   - [MODE] key: The key to go back to the previous data.
   - [PRINT] key: The key to transmit the current data to the RS-232C interface.
   - [RANGE] key is pressed and held then press the [CAL] key: The keys to delete the current data
   - [CAL] key: The key to exit this mode.

3. Press the [CAL] key. The balance returns to weighing mode.
Transmitting All data at One Time

Step 1  Setup the RS-232C interface using "S IF" of the function table.

Step 2  Press and hold the [PRINT] key until displaying [RECALL] and release the key.

Step 3  Press the [RANGE] key to display [OUT].

Step 4  Press the [PRINT] key to enter this mode.

Step 5  Press the [RE-ZERO] key. Then the balance displays [OUT] [00].

Step 6  Press the [PRINT] key to transmit all data to RS-232C interface.

Step 7  The balance displays [CLEAR] after the finish.

Step 8  Press the [CAL] key to return to weighing mode.

The Data Number

When the "Data number output (d - nD) is set to " !" and the data that is stored in the balance memory is to be output, the "Data number" can be appended just before each data. This format consists of six characters (excluding the terminator).

\[
\begin{array}{c}
N \quad 0.001 \quad CR LF \\
ST + 000.1278 \ldots \quad g CR LF
\end{array}
\]

Deleting All Data at One Time

Step 1  Press and hold the [PRINT] key until displaying [RECALL] and release the key.

Step 2  Press the [RANGE] key several times to display [CLEAR].

Step 3  Press the [PRINT] key to enter this mode.

Step 5  Press the [RE-ZERO] key. Then the balance displays [CLR] [00].

Step 6  Press the [PRINT] key to delete all data.

Step 7  The balance displays [RECALL] after the finish.

Step 8  Press the [CAL] key to return to weighing mode.
The underhook can be used for weighing large items, magnetic material or density measurement. The built-in underhook is behind the plastic cap on the under-side of the balance.

Caution

☐ When not using the underhook, attach the plastic cap to prevent dust from getting into the balance.

☐ The underhook can only be used to support items within the weight range of the balance. Do not overload it.

☐ Operate the underhook gently.
13. Specific gravity (density) measurement

GR series balances are equipped with the specific gravity measuring mode. It calculates the density of a solid according to the weight of the sample in air and weight in liquid.

- The specific gravity measuring mode is not ready for use upon receiving the balance. To use the mode, change the function table and activate the specific gravity measuring mode.

- Two ways to set the density of a liquid are available: by entering the water temperature and by entering the density directly.

**Formula to obtain the density**

The density can be obtained by the following formula.

\[
\rho = \frac{A}{A-B} \times \rho_0
\]

\( \rho \) : Density of sample  
\( A \) : Weight of sample in air  
\( B \) : Weight of sample in liquid  
\( \rho_0 \) : Density of liquid

**Changing the function table**

1. **Setting the specific gravity measuring mode**
   The specific gravity measuring mode is available as one of the units. To use the mode, select it in the function table. For how to select the specific gravity measuring mode, see "Selecting a unit and arranging the sequence of display" in Chapter 4. (Select \( \text{ln} + \frac{\rho}{g} \))

2. **Selecting the way to set the density of a liquid**
   Select the liquid density method from the function table below. The function table is available only when the specific gravity measuring mode is selected. For how to select, see Chapter 9 "Function Table".

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Summaries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( d ) Func</td>
<td>Liquid density</td>
<td>• 0</td>
<td>Enter the water temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific gravity measuring mode</td>
<td></td>
<td>• 1</td>
<td>Enter the density directly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* : factory setting

**Setting the density of a liquid**

1. Press the [MODE] key as necessary to select the specific gravity measuring mode. When the processing indicator (upper left \( \Rightarrow \)) flashes with the unit " g " displayed, it indicates that the specific gravity measuring mode is selected.
2. In the specific gravity measuring mode, press and hold the [MODE] key to enter the mode to set the liquid density.

**Note**
- In the normal weighing mode, the same procedure will activate the automatic response adjustment. This function is not available in the specific gravity measuring mode.

**Entering the water temperature (°C)**
In the specific gravity measuring mode, press and hold the [MODE] key until the water temperature currently set (unit: °C, factory setting: 25°C) is displayed. Use the following keys to change the value.

- **RE-ZERO** key: Increases the temperature by one degree. (0-99°C)
- **MODE** key: Decreases the temperature by one degree. (0-99°C)
- **PRINT** key: saves the change, displays "END" and returns to the specific gravity measuring mode.
- **CAL** key: Returns to the specific gravity measuring mode without saving the change.

The relation between the water temperature and density.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temperature (°C)</th>
<th>+0</th>
<th>+1</th>
<th>+2</th>
<th>+3</th>
<th>+4</th>
<th>+5</th>
<th>+6</th>
<th>+7</th>
<th>+8</th>
<th>+9</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.99984</td>
<td>0.99990</td>
<td>0.99994</td>
<td>0.99996</td>
<td>0.99997</td>
<td>0.99996</td>
<td>0.99994</td>
<td>0.99990</td>
<td>0.99885</td>
<td>0.99978</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>0.99970</td>
<td>0.99961</td>
<td>0.99949</td>
<td>0.99938</td>
<td>0.99924</td>
<td>0.99910</td>
<td>0.99894</td>
<td>0.99877</td>
<td>0.99860</td>
<td>0.99841</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.99820</td>
<td>0.99799</td>
<td>0.99777</td>
<td>0.99754</td>
<td>0.99730</td>
<td>0.99704</td>
<td>0.99678</td>
<td>0.99651</td>
<td>0.99623</td>
<td>0.99594</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.99565</td>
<td>0.99534</td>
<td>0.99503</td>
<td>0.99470</td>
<td>0.99437</td>
<td>0.99403</td>
<td>0.99368</td>
<td>0.99333</td>
<td>0.99297</td>
<td>0.99259</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>0.99222</td>
<td>0.99183</td>
<td>0.99144</td>
<td>0.99104</td>
<td>0.99063</td>
<td>0.99021</td>
<td>0.98979</td>
<td>0.98936</td>
<td>0.98893</td>
<td>0.98849</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>0.98804</td>
<td>0.98758</td>
<td>0.98712</td>
<td>0.98665</td>
<td>0.98618</td>
<td>0.98570</td>
<td>0.98521</td>
<td>0.98471</td>
<td>0.98422</td>
<td>0.98371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>0.98320</td>
<td>0.98268</td>
<td>0.98216</td>
<td>0.98163</td>
<td>0.98110</td>
<td>0.98055</td>
<td>0.98001</td>
<td>0.97946</td>
<td>0.97890</td>
<td>0.97834</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>0.97777</td>
<td>0.97720</td>
<td>0.97662</td>
<td>0.97603</td>
<td>0.97544</td>
<td>0.97485</td>
<td>0.97425</td>
<td>0.97364</td>
<td>0.97303</td>
<td>0.97242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>0.97180</td>
<td>0.97117</td>
<td>0.97054</td>
<td>0.96991</td>
<td>0.96927</td>
<td>0.96862</td>
<td>0.96797</td>
<td>0.96731</td>
<td>0.96665</td>
<td>0.96600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>0.96532</td>
<td>0.96465</td>
<td>0.96397</td>
<td>0.96328</td>
<td>0.96259</td>
<td>0.96190</td>
<td>0.96120</td>
<td>0.96050</td>
<td>0.95979</td>
<td>0.95906</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Entering the density directly

In the specific gravity measuring mode, press and hold the MODE key until the density currently set (unit: g/cm³, factory setting: 1.0000g/cm³) is displayed. Use the following keys to change the value.

- RE-ZERO key: Changes the numerical value of the digit selected.
- RANGE key: Selects the digit to change the value.
- PRINT key: Saves the change, displays " ENTER " and returns to the specific gravity measuring mode.
- CAL key: Returns to the specific gravity measuring mode without saving the change.

Note

- The range to set the density is 0.0000-1.9999 g/cm³. (Displayed up to four decimal places)

Measuring the density

In the density measurement, the balance displays the weight of the sample in air, the weight in liquid and then the density.

- Measuring the weight of the sample in air.

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{Sample in air} \\
5 \\
12.345 \text{g}
\end{array}
\]

The processing indicator flashes with the unit "g" displayed.

- Measuring the weight of the sample in liquid.

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{Sample in liquid} \\
5 \\
98.765 \text{g}
\end{array}
\]

The processing indicator illuminates with the unit "g" displayed.

- Displaying the density.

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{Density} \\
5.0000 \text{g/cm³}
\end{array}
\]

The processing indicator illuminates with no unit displayed.

To switch between the above three, use the RANGE key.
Measuring procedure

Step 1  Confirm that the balance is in the mode to measure the weight of the sample in air. ("g" displayed and processing indicator flashing)

Step 2  Confirm that the balance indicates zero. If it does not indicate zero, press the [RE-ZERO] key to reset the displayed value to zero.

Step 3  Place the sample on the upper pan (in air). When the value displayed on the balance becomes stable, press the [RANGE] key to confirm the value (the weight of sample in air). The balance enters the mode to measure the weight of sample in liquid ("g" displayed and processing indicator illuminating).

**Note:** If a negative value or E (error) is displayed, the [RANGE] key is disabled.

Step 4  Place the sample on the lower pan (in liquid). When the value displayed on the balance becomes stable, press the [RANGE] key to confirm the value (the weight of sample in liquid). The balance enters the mode to display the density ("g" not illuminated).

**Note:** If E (error) is displayed, the [RANGE] key is disabled.

Step 5  To output or save the density, press the [PRINT] key. The unit for outputting the density is "DS". To measure the density of another sample, press the [RANGE] key to return to the mode to measure the weight in air and repeat the procedure described above.

**Note:** If the liquid temperature or the type of liquid is changed during measurement, reset the value of the liquid density as necessary. For details, see "Setting the density of a liquid".
14. RS-232C Specifications

Transmission system: EIA RS-232C
Transmission form: Asynchronous, bi-directional, half duplex
Data format:
- Baud rate: 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 bps
- Data: 7 or 8 bits
- Parity: Even, Odd (7 bits), None (8 bits)
- Stop bit: 1 bit
- Code: ASCII

Pin connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Signal name</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>FG</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Frame ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>RXD</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Receive data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>TXD</td>
<td>Output</td>
<td>Transmit data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>RTS</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Ready to send</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>CTS</td>
<td>Output</td>
<td>Clear to send</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>DSR</td>
<td>Output</td>
<td>Data set ready</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Signal ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 - 25</td>
<td>N.C.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Circuits

2.6mm (ISO metric screw thread)
Rear view
D-sub 25 pin, female connector
Set the following parameters to use the AD-8121 printer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function items</th>
<th>Summaries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dout Pr 0,1,2,3</td>
<td>Selection of a print mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dout RP-P 0,1,2</td>
<td>Selection of the polarity for the auto-print mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dout RP-b 0,1,2</td>
<td>Selection of the auto-print band.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dout PUSE 0,1</td>
<td>Selection of pause.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S,iF bPS 2</td>
<td>&quot;2400bps&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S,iF bEP r 0</td>
<td>&quot;7 bits, Even parity check&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S,iF CR LF 8</td>
<td>&quot;CR, LF&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S,iF CTS 0</td>
<td>&quot;Not using CTS and RTS&quot;.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The case of using "MODE 1" or "MODE 2" of the AD-8121 printer:

| S,iF TYPE 0 | A&D standard format |

The case of using "MODE 3" of the AD-8121 printer:

| S,iF TYPE 0 | DP format |

The case of transmitting data continuously.
The case of transmitting all memory data at one time.

| dout PUSE 1 | Use of pause |

**Memo**

In the case of dout 0, the weighing data can be printed.
In the case of dout 1, the memory data can be printed.

Refer to "10. ID number and GLP Report" for a print sample.
Connection to a Computer

- The RS-232C is of the DCE type (Data Communications Equipment) and can use standard DCE cables.
- When connecting to other equipment, check the manual for that equipment for proper settings and connections.
- Keep the RTS line set "Hi", when RTS is used.

Program Example
This example sets the display to zero, waits for placing a weight, requires stable weighing data and displays it. Set the balance functions as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>dout</th>
<th>Prt</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>Data output mode : Key mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dout</td>
<td>PUSE</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Data pause : Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dout</td>
<td>dReA</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Data memory function : Not used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s.F</td>
<td>bPS</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Baud rate : 2400 pbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s.F</td>
<td>bePr</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Data length and parity : 7 bit EVEN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s.F</td>
<td>eLF</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Terminator : CR LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s.F</td>
<td>type</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Data format : A&amp;D standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s.F</td>
<td>ErCd</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Error code and &lt;AK&gt; : Output, &lt;AK&gt; (ASCII code 06h)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Caution  Some computers cannot run this program as it is, the program may require modification. Refer to the manual for the computer.

10 OPEN "COM1:2400,E,1,CS8000" AS #1 Declaration of protocol.
20 PRINT #1, "R"+CHR$(13)+CHR$(10) Request to zero the display.
30 LINE INPUT #1, AK$ To receive the verification code <AK> from the balance for the re-zero command.

40 IF AK$<>CHR$(6) THEN *MEMO
50 LINE INPUT #1, AK$ If not <AK>, display the error message.

60 IF AK$<>CHR$(6) THEN *MEMO Reception of verification code <AK> for ending the command.
100 FOR II=1 TO 1000: NEXT II If not <AK>, display the error message.
200 PRINT #1, "S"+CHR$(13)+CHR$(10) Wait time for placing weight.
210 INPUT #1, HD$, DT$ Request for the stable weighing data.
220 PRINT HD$, DT$ Reception of the header and data.
230 CLOSE #1 Display the header and data.
240 END Close communications
300 *MEMO End
310 PRINT "AN ERROR HAS OCCURRED" Label
320 CLOSE #1 Error message
330 END Close communications

15. Connection to equipment  Page 56  Serial Interface
### 16. Commands

#### Command list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Cancel command for the SIR command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Q</td>
<td>Query command for weighing data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>Request command for stable weighing data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SI</td>
<td>Query command for weighing data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIR</td>
<td>Request command for continuous weighing data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Commands to control the balance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAL</td>
<td>Calibration command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MCL</td>
<td>Command to delete all stored data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD:nnn</td>
<td>Command to delete data of data number nnn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>Display OFF command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>Display ON command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Same as the ON:OFF key, Display ON/OFF command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRT</td>
<td>Same as the PRINT key.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>Same as the RE-ZERO key, RE-ZERO command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RNG</td>
<td>Same as the RANGE key, Range command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TST</td>
<td>Calibration test command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U</td>
<td>Same as the MODE key, Unit command.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Commands to request stored data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>?MA</td>
<td>Output command to transmit all memory data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>?MQnnn</td>
<td>Request command to transmit data of data number nnn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>?MX</td>
<td>Query command for last data number.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

nnn : numerical value of three figures
**Commands to Request Weighing Data**

**C**
- **Cancel command for the SIR command**
The balance will stop sending data in stream mode.
- **Command**: \[ C_{RF} \]
- **Replay**: (Output is stopped.)

**Q**
- **Query command for weighing data**
The balance will respond with the weighing data immediately.
- **Command**: \[ Q_{RF} \]
- **Reply**: \[ ST, +001.2783_{RF} \]

**S**
- **Request command for stable weighing data**
The balance display will blink when the data is transmitted.
- **Command**: \[ S_{RF} \]
- **Reply**: \[ ST, +002.2835_{RF} \]

**SI**
- **Query command for weighing data**
The balance will respond with the weighing data immediately.
- **Command**: \[ SI_{RF} \]
- **Reply**: \[ ST, +002.2835_{RF} \]

**SIR**
- **Request command for continuous weighing data**
The balance sends the data in stream mode.
- **Command**: \[ SIR_{RF} \]
- **Reply**: \[ US, +002.7835_{RF} \]

**Caution**
When the baud rate is set to 2400bps or less, the display update rate is faster than the output rate and the balance may not transmit the data completely (and transmits it intermittently).
Commands to Control the Balance

**CAL** Calibration command
Balance performs calibration using the internal weight.
Command **CAL**
Reply (Balance is calibrated)

**MCL** Command to delete all stored data.
Command **MCL**
Reply (<AK> code is replied)

**MD: nnn** Command to delete data of data number nnn.
Command **MD: 025**
Reply (<AK> code is replied)

**OFF** Display OFF command
If the balance is ON, it will turn OFF.
If the balance is already off, nothing will happen.
Command **OFF**
Reply (Balance turns off)

**ON** Display ON command
If the balance is OFF, it will turn ON.
Command **ON**
Reply (Balance turns on)

**P** Same as the **ON-OFF** key, Display **ON/OFF command**.
The balance turns on or turns off. The command works as the **ON-OFF** key.
Command **P**
Reply (Balance turns on or off alternately)

**PRT** Same as the **PRINT** key, Print command.
The command works as the **PRINT** key.
Command **PRT**
Reply (A data is output)

**R** Same as the **RE-ZERO** key, RE-ZERO command.
The balance will display zero. The command works as the **RE-ZERO** key.
Command **R**
Reply (Zero is displayed)

**RNG** Same as the **RANGE** key, Range command.
The range can be changed. The command works as the **RANGE** key.
Command **RNG**
Reply (Sample weight is stored in the balance)
**Calibration test command**
The balance performs the calibration test using the internal weight.
Command: T S T CR LF
Reply: (Calibration test is performed)

**U**
Same as the **MODE** key, **Unit command**.
The unit can be changed. The command works as the **MODE** key.
Command: U CR LF
Reply: (Unit is changed)

### Commands to Request Memory Data

**? MA**  **Output command** to transmit all memory data.
Command: ? MA CR LF
Reply: (Case to output data number)

```
No. 001 CR LF
ST, +002 2835 CR LF
No. 002 CR LF
ST, +002 2826 CR LF
No. 003 CR LF
ST, +002 2837 CR LF
```

**? MQ nnn**  **Request command** to transmit data of data number nnn.
Command: ? MQ 025 CR LF
Reply: (Case not to output data number)

```
No. 025 CR LF
ST, +002 2414 CR LF
```

**? MX**  **Query command** for last data number.
Command: ? MX CR LF
Reply: No. 135 CR LF


## Acknowledge Code and Error Codes

This is an explanation of $E_rE_d$ of the function list $<AK>$ (06h) —— Acknowledge in ASCII code.

### In the Case of $E_rE_d \parallel$
- The balance does not output $<AK>$ code or the error code.

### In the Case of $E_rE_d \perp$
- When the balance received a command requesting data and can not process it, the balance transmits an error code (EC, Exx). When the balance is able to process a command requesting data, the balance outputs the data.

- When the balance receives a command to control the balance and can not process it, the balance transmits an error code (EC, Exx). When the balance receives a command to control the balance and can process it, the balance transmits $<AK>$ (06h) code.

- There are some commands that transmit plural $<AK>$ (06h) code from the balance. See "Command Examples".

- **CAL** command (Calibration command)
- **ON** command (ON command)
- **P** command (ON:OFF command)
- **R** command (RE-ZERO command)
- **TST** command (Calibration test)

- When a communication error has occurred due to external noise, or a parity error has occurred due to transmission error, the balance transmits an error code. In this case, send the command once more.

## Control using CTS and RTS

This is an explanation of $\xi\xi$ of the function list.

### In the Case of $\xi\xi \parallel$
- Regardless of whether the balance can receive a command or not, the balance keeps the CTS line to HI. The balance outputs data regardless of condition of the RTS line.

### In the Case of $\xi\xi \perp$
- The CTS line is kept HI normally. When the balance can not receive the next command (ex. processing last command), the balance sets CTS line to LO. The balance confirms the level of the RTS line when data can be output. If the RTS level is HI, the balance outputs data. If the RTS level is LO, data is not output (It cancels data output).
Command Examples

This example is set to $\ell \& S$ so as to output the $<AK>$ code. There is a delay time required between receiving $<AK>$ and transmitting the next command. When the command is transmitted to the balance, include a time delay as follows:

Example of a BASIC program (delay statement)

120 LINE INPUT #1, AK$  
130 FOR LL = 1 TO 1000 : NEXT LL  
140 PRINT #1, "Q" + CHR$(13)  

$<AK>$ is Acknowledge in ASCII code 06h. "LL" is the delay variable.

ON Command (To turn on the display)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Computer</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ON command</td>
<td></td>
<td>Standby display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\text{ON}{}^\text{CR}{}^\text{LF}$</td>
<td>➸</td>
<td>Confirmation of command receipt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>All segments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Command completion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Zero display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R Command (To zero the display)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Computer</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R command</td>
<td></td>
<td>Weighing mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\text{R}{}^\text{CR}{}^\text{LF}$</td>
<td>➸</td>
<td>Confirmation of command receipt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Processing command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Command completion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Zero display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CAL Command (To calibrate the balance)

Computer

CAL command

Balance

- Weighing mode
- Confirmation of command receipt
- Message of "start"
- Ready
- Measurement of zero point
- Ready
- Measurement of internal mass
- Message of "end"
- Process of zero display
- Command completion
- Weighing mode
Error Code and Command Cancellation

Example: When the R command is received, but the balance can not process it and an error code is output. This example is set to Error 1.

- **R command**
  - Computer
  - Time
  - Balance
  - Weighing mode
  - Confirmation of command receipt
  - Processing command
  - Assume that the balance can not stabilize due to vibration.
  - The balance sends an error code and displays it.
  - If a CAL command is received, the R command is canceled.

- **CAL command**
  - Computer
  - Time
  - Balance
  - Weighing mode
17. Maintenance

- Do not disassemble the balance. Contact your local A&D dealer if your balance needs service or repair.
- Please use the original shipping box for transportation.
- Do not use organic solvents to clean the balance. Use a warm lint free cloth that is damp, along with a detergent for cleaning.
- The "Floor Plate of the Weighing Chamber" can be removed and cleaned.
- Consider section "2. Caution" when operating the balance.

Error Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display</th>
<th>Error code</th>
<th>Description of the error</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EC, E00</td>
<td>Communications error</td>
<td>A protocol error occurred in communications. Confirm the format, baud rate and parity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC, E01</td>
<td>Undefined command error</td>
<td>An undefined command was received. Confirm command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC, E02</td>
<td>Not ready</td>
<td>A received command can not be processed. Adjust the delay time to transmit the command. ex. The balance received a Q command, but not in the weighing mode. ex. The balance received a Q command while processing a RE-ZERO command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC, E03</td>
<td>Time over error</td>
<td>If t-Up 1 of the function list is set, the balance did not receive the next character of a command within the time limit of one second. Confirm communication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC, E04</td>
<td>Excess characters error</td>
<td>The balance received excessive characters in a command. Confirm command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display</td>
<td>Error code</td>
<td>Description of the error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| EC, E06 | **Format error** | A command includes incorrect data.  
*Confirm command.*  
ex. Data is numerically incorrect. |
| EC, E07 | **Range error for a parameter** | The received data exceeds the range that the balance can accept.  
*Confirm parameter range of command.* |
| Error0  |            | **Internal condition information**  
There is no problem when displaying it a few seconds and returning to weighing mode.  
*Turn the balance off then on again, if the information is continuously displayed.* |
| EC, E11 | **Stability error** | The balance cannot stabilize due to an environmental problem. Press the **CAL** key to return to the weighing mode.  
*Prevent vibration, drafts, temperature changes, static electricity and magnetic fields.*  
*Read "Precautions for Installing the Balance" on page 5 and "Caution during Use" on page 6 and be well informed on how to use the balance.* |
| Error6  |            | **Internal weight error**  
This is a calibration error.  
*Confirm that there is nothing on the pan and retry the calibration or calibration test.* |
| Error7  |            | **Internal weight error**  
This is a calibration error.  
Retry the calibration or calibration test. |
| E0      | EC, E20    | **Calibration error**  
The calibration weight is too heavy. Press the **CAL** key to return to the weighing mode. |
| CAL E   |            | **Calibration error**  
The calibration weight is too light. Press the **CAL** key to return to the weighing mode. |
| E0      | EC, E21    | **Over load**  
This is a warning that a weight beyond the balance capacity has been placed on the pan. Remove the weight from the pan. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display</th>
<th>Error code</th>
<th>Description of the error</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ![Display1](image1) | 0 | **Weighing pan Error**  
This is a warning that the weight value is too light. **Confirm that the weighing pan and the pan support are properly installed.** |
| ![Display2](image2) | Lo | **Unit weight, 100% weight error**  
The unit weight of the sample is very light in the counting mode, or the 100% sample is too light in percent mode. The balance can not calculate it. **Increase the unit weight or 100% weight.** |
| ![Display3](image3) | CH 0 | **ARA Zero error**  
The ARA (Automatic Response Adjustment) can not be performed, because there is something on the pan. **Remove all matter from the pan. Press the \text{CAL} key to return to the weighing mode.** |
| ![Display4](image4) | CH nu | **ARA Unstable error**  
The ARA (Automatic Response Adjustment) can not be performed because of unstable weighing value. **Correct the environment for the balance. Press the \text{CAL} key to return to the weighing mode.** |
| ![Display5](image5) | Full | **Full memory**  
The memory data has reached 200 items. **When data is deleted, new data can be stored.** |
| ![Display6](image6) | Err | **Memory data error**  
The memory data is lost. **Clear all memory data.** |
| ![Display7](image7) | 25  50  100 | **Unit weight information**  
This is advice regarding the sample number that is needed to set the unit weight. When the unit weight is computed and the sample number is too few, the required number is displayed for counting accuracy. **Count and place the samples on the pan. Press the \text{PRINT} key to store the correct value.** |

**Other errors**  
If you can not cancel the error yourself, request service from the store where you purchased the balance or option, or the A&D service group.
When this indicator blinks automatic self calibration is required. The indicator blinks when the balance detects a change in ambient temperature. If the balance is not used for several minutes with this indicator blinking, the balance performs automatic self calibration. The environment may affect the time of blinking.
# 18. Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>GR-120</th>
<th>GR-200</th>
<th>GR-300</th>
<th>GR-202</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weighing capacity</td>
<td>120 g</td>
<td>210 g</td>
<td>310 g</td>
<td>210 g/42 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. weighing value (1 digit)</td>
<td>0.1 mg</td>
<td>0.1 mg</td>
<td>0.1 mg</td>
<td>0.1 mg/0.01 mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeatability (Standard deviation)</td>
<td>0.1 mg</td>
<td>0.1 mg</td>
<td>0.2 mg</td>
<td>0.1 mg/0.02 mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linearity</td>
<td>±0.2 mg</td>
<td>±0.2 mg</td>
<td>±0.3 mg</td>
<td>±0.2 mg/±0.03 mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stabilization time (approx.)</td>
<td>3.5 sec</td>
<td>3.5 sec</td>
<td>3.5 sec</td>
<td>3.5 sec/8 sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitivity drift (10°C ~ 30°C)</td>
<td>±2 ppm/°C (Automatic Self Calibration is not used)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient temperature</td>
<td>5°C ~ 40°C (41°F ~ 104°F), RH &lt; 85% (Do not allow condensation)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. unit weight</td>
<td>0.1 mg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. 100% weight</td>
<td>0.01 g</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interface</td>
<td>RS-232C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration weight</td>
<td>Built-in weight</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External calibration weight</td>
<td>100 g</td>
<td>200 g</td>
<td>200 g</td>
<td>200 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50 g</td>
<td>100 g</td>
<td>300 g</td>
<td>100 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighing pan</td>
<td>ø85 mm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighing room</td>
<td>178(W) x 160(D) x 233(H) mm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External dimension</td>
<td>249(W) x 330(D) x 327(H) mm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power consumption</td>
<td>Approx. 11VA (supplied to AC adapter)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC adapter, Power supply</td>
<td>Please confirm that the AC adapter is correct for your receptacle type and voltage [factory preset].</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net weight</td>
<td>Approx. 6.0 kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Diagram of the device with dimensions](image-url)
Options

AD-8121 Printer
- Compact thermal dot-matrix printer.
- Statistical function, calendar
  and clock function, interval
  print function, graphic print
  function.
- 5x7 dots, 16 characters per line.
- Print paper (AX-PP143,
  45mm(W) x 50m (L), ø65mm)
- AC adapter or alkaline battery.

AD-1653 Density Determination Kit

\[
\frac{\text{Underwater weight} - \text{Weigh in the air}}{\text{Water density}} = \text{Density}
\]

Example

\[
\frac{10.0000 \text{ g}}{10.0000 \text{ g} - 9.5334 \text{ g}} = 21.4 \text{ g/cm}^3
\]

Water density

- 0°C 0.99984 g/cm³
- 10°C 0.99970 g/cm³
- 20°C 0.99820 g/cm³
- 30°C 0.99565 g/cm³

External key Plug

This plug produces the same operations as pressing the [RE-ZERO] and
[PRINT] keys. It enables remote control of the balance using an external
key. This operation must connect the GND line to the PRINT or RE-ZERO
line for at least 100 milli-seconds.
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- `9` .......................................................... 9
- `PC` .......................................................... 14
- `1` .......................................................... 9, 18
- `9` .......................................................... 9
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<td>dwt .................. 11</td>
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<td>E</td>
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<td>E ........................ 66</td>
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<td>EC, E00 .................. 65</td>
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<td>EC, E01 .................. 65</td>
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<td>EC, E04 .................. 65</td>
</tr>
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<td>EC, E06 .................. 66</td>
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<td>EC, E17 .................. 66</td>
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<td>EC Regulation .................. 4</td>
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<td>EMC ........................ 4</td>
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<td>End block .................. 40</td>
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<td>Error code .................. 65</td>
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<td>External key .................. 70</td>
</tr>
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<td>External key jack ........ 8</td>
</tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAST .................. 16</td>
</tr>
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</tr>
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<td>Floor plate .................. 8</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
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<td>Grain ........................ 11</td>
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<td>gram mode .................. 13</td>
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<td>Grounding terminal ........... 8</td>
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