# FC-i Series <br> <br> FC-Si Series 

 <br> <br> FC-Si Series}

## INSTRUCTION MANNUAL

## Counting Scale

FC-50Ki FC-5000Si<br>FC-20Ki FC-500Si<br>FC-10Ki<br>FC-5000i<br>FC-2000i<br>FC-1000i<br>FC-500i

## This manual and Marks

All safety messages are identified by the following, "WARNING" or "CAUTION", of ANSI Z535.4 (American National Standard Institute: Product Safety Signs and Labels). The meanings are as follows:

| A WARNING | A potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result <br> in death or serious injury. |
| :--- | :--- |
| ! CAUTION | A potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in <br> minor or moderate injury. |

This is a hazard alert mark.
(1) This mark informs you about the operation of the product.
?
The information mark of other operations.

Note This manual is subject to change without notice at any time to improve the product. No part of this manual may be photocopied, reproduced, or translated into another language without the prior written consent of the A\&D Company.

Product specifications are subject to change without any obligation on the part of the manufacture.

## Compliance with FCC rules

Please note that this equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. This equipment has been tested and has been found to comply with the limits of Class A digital devices pursuant to Part 15 of FCC rules. These rules are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when equipment is operated in a commercial environment. If this unit is operated in a residential area, it may cause some interference and under these circumstances the user would be required to take, at his own expense, whatever measures are necessary to eliminate the interference. (FCC = Federal Communications Commission in the U.S.A.)

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## 1.INTRODUCTION

### 1.1. Introduction

## Thank you for your Purchase!

This manual describes the functions of your counting scale and how to get the most out of it. Read this manual carefully before use.

## Features

The FC-i / FC-Si counting scales have the following features:
$\square$ The scales have the following high internal resolution for a wider range of counting applications.
[] FC-i counting scale: 1/1,000,000
$\square$ FC-Si counting scale: Up to $1 / 10,000,000$
$\square$ There are the following ways to enter a unit weight (of the sample piece).
The way to weigh a fixed number of samples like 5 pieces, 10 pieces and so on.
$\square$ The way to weigh the desired number of samples.
The way to store the desired unit weight directly using the 10-key pad.
The way to recall the stored unit weight from ID memory.
$\square$ The way to send the desired unit weight from a personal computer.
$\square$ The way to use a bar code reader to designate an ID number to enter the unit weight directly.
$\square$ Three UNIT WEIGHT BY LED's will navigate you to store a unit weight easily.
$\square$ ACAI (Automatic Counting Accuracy Improvement) supports counting by recalculating the unit weight when a sample is added. Therefore it is possible to reduce the counting error.
$\square$ The scale has a large bright vacuum fluorescent display and can show information for piece count, weight, unit weight, ID number, item code and comparator result at the same time.

UP to 500 ID memories can store 6 digits ID numbers, consisting of 12 digit item code (alphanumeric), unit weight, tare weight and comparator limits.
$\square$ Comparator function:
$\square$ Compare a count or weight
$\square$ Comparator limits can be changed temporarily using the 10-key pad.
$\square$ Comparator relay output is also available using an optional interface.
$\square$ Accumulation function for counting.

- Standard RS-232C interface and optional interfaces (up to 3 ch . RS-232C available) to communicate with a personal computer, printer and bar code reader expanding the counting application.
$\square$ A two-scale counting system can be constructed using the optional a remote scale interface and remote platform.

It is possible to send the time and date to a computer connected to the RS-232C interface using the scale's built-in clock.

The optional rechargeable battery pack (Ni-MH) is useful for portable operation.

### 1.2.Unpacking

$\square$ Unpack the scale carefully and keep the packing material if you are likely to transport the scale again in the future.

In the carton you should find this manual plus:
$\square$ The counting scale.

- An AC adapter (check that the AC input rating is correct).

Remove the protective packing materials from around the scale and between the pan and scale casing.



Instruction Manual


AC Adapter
Please confirm that the AC adapter type is correct for your local voltage and receptacle type.


### 1.3. Setting Up Your Scale

1. Place the scale on a suitable weighing surface (Refer to Best Conditions For Weighing of next page) and turn the adjustable feet until the spirit level shows that the scale is level.

2. Plug in the AC adapter. The AC input requirements could be 100, 120, 220, 230 or 240 Volts $(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ depending on where used, so, please check that the adapter is correct. Ground the scale to avoid a problem with the static electricity.
$\square$ The display comes ON
After running through a self-check that will show various segments, the weighing display will appear.

3. Please leave the scale with the AC adapter connected for at least thirty minutes before use. We call this situation "warm up".
If desired: press the STANDBY/OPERATE key to turn the display off.
Remember that the scale will always be warmed up as long as the AC adapter is connected. This keeps the scale always ready for use.

## Best Conditions For Weighing

The scale must be level (check the spirit level on the scale).
$\square$ Best operating temperature is between $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \sim 77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ at about $50 \% \sim 60 \%$ relative humidity. There shouldn't be large temperature fluctuations.

The weighing room should be kept clean and dry.
. The weighing table must be of a solid construction.
$\square$ Corners of rooms are best as they are less prone to vibrations.
$\square$ Don't install the scale near heaters or air conditioners.
Don't install the scale in direct sunshine.
Try to ensure a stable AC power supply when using the AC adapter.
Keep equipment containing magnets away from the scale.
Warm up the scale before use or leave it on standby overnight.
Ground the scale chassis for electrostatic discharge if the weighing conditions warrant.

## Calibration

Calibration of the scale is required when the scale is initially installed, or if a remote scale is added. Please refer to " 9 . CALIBRATION" for more calibration information.

### 1.4.Standby and Operating Mode

The scale has two principal modes: Standby mode and operating mode.
Standby mode: When the scale has power supplied to it, either by the AC Adapter or the battery pack, and the display shows a decimal point, the scale is in the standby mode. In day-to-day operation, standby mode is normal when the scale is not in use. This keeps the weighing mechanism warmed up.
Operating mode: If the display is turned on from standby mode, then the scale is in operating mode.
If the scale is not going to be used for a long period of time, then it may be appropriate to disconnect the main power.

- Use the STANDBY/OPERATE key to turn the display on or off. When the scale is in Standby mode, a period appears in the weight display as an indicator.



### 1.5.Simple Operation Mode

If desired, the scale can be set in a simple operation mode. In this mode, only front panel keys that would be used in "3.3. Unit Weight By Samples" counting operations are active. All others will not operate. The following keys are active in the simple operation mode:

Keys that will operate in simple operation mode:


## 1.6. kg or lb Weighing Units

The scale can weigh and register the unit weight in pounds or kilograms (it comes set to pounds "lb"). When you switch between the weighing units, the display will show the current weighing unit, and any weight amounts being used are also converted.
$\square$ To change the weighing units between pounds and kilograms, refer to F-Function F-0亿-0 l. Set at " $[1$ " for kg; or at " 1 " for lb.


### 1.7. Last Unit Weight Used Feature

There are a number of ways to register a unit weight to count. The scale has a feature to keep the last unit weight used in memory. This can be handy if you turn the scale display off and then want to return to the same unit weight, or you accidentally clear the unit weight by pressing the RESET key.

When a unit weight is registered it is automatically placed in the ID " id-0000000" and remains there until a new unit weight is entered, or the power is disconnected. It can be recalled by the following:

1. When three UNIT WEIGHT BY LED's are blinking at display ON, or if the RESET key has been pressed;

UNIT WEIGHT BY

2. Press the ID key.
" 1 - 0000000 Cl will be displayed with $=10000005$ blinking.

3. Press the ENTER key.

The scale will recall the previous unit weight.


## Automatic Last Unit Weight Used

When you turn the display on, the scale can automatically recall the last unit weight used from memory, if desired.

Set the F-Function $F-81-84$ at " 1 ". The scale will recall the last unit weight used, when the display is turned ON.
2. Front Panel Overview

| The H $^{*}$ key displays |
| :--- |
| comparator limits and |
| time \& date, or works |
| as $\mathrm{M}^{-}$key. | The RESET key clears the Unit Weight data in memory (but The $0 \sim 9$ \& $\square$.

10-keys send numbers
to the display. The [C key clears the display 10-key input. The SAMPLE key is used when entering
sample size. The KEYBOARD
 weight is to be
entered via the 10-key The ID key is used The ID key is used weight data from ID memory.
The ENTER key
enters unit weight,
sample size, ID or
other data into the
scale from the 10-key

pad. The REMOTE SCALE The TOTAL key | The REMOTE SCALE |
| :--- | :--- |
| key switches between |
| the main and a remote |\(| \begin{aligned} \& The TOTAL key <br>

\& displays the <br>
\& accumulated data\end{aligned}\)

| back again. |
| :--- |
| The PRINT |
| key sends count, |
| weight or unit |
| weight data. |


 weight on display, ID memory.




tem code stored in the ID memory (12 digit).

Comparator results.
Weight display comes on when
weight is within the ACAl range. When
meeting the ACA blink.

The 4 SAMPLE
indicator comes on
wheight is too light.
Unit weight display.

## 3.BASIC OPERATIONS

### 3.1. Basic Operations

## Turn The Display ON and OFF

1. Press the STANDBY/OPERATE key to turn the scale on when displaying the standby indicator. The display will show all the display segments first and show "-------" while the weighing data becomes stable.

2. The scale will automatically assume zero (power-on zero) and the display will show zero.

The range for power-on zero is $\pm 10 \%$ of the weighing capacity around the calibrated zero point.

If there is something more than $10 \%$ of the capacity on the weighing pan, the display will show "Err l". Remove everything from the weighing pan or press the RESET key. When you press the RESET key, the power-on zero doesn't work.
3. Press the STANDBY/OPERATE key again, and the scale returns to the standby mode.


## ZERO

$\square$ The ZERO key will bring the weight display back to zero as long as the weighing pan is empty or within $2 \%$ of capacity.

1. Remove everything from the weighing pan and press the ZERO key. Then the display shows "------" and waits for the weighing data to become stable.
2. The scale will zero and the ZERO indicator will come on to indicate that the scale is ready to start weighing or counting.
$\square$ There is an automatic zeroing function called "zero tracking". The scale initially comes with this function enabled to take care of normal
 zero drift caused by changes in temperature, humidity, air pressure etc. ( $F$-Function $F-04-01$ ).

## TARE

- The TARE key will subtract the displayed container weight.

1. Remove everything from the weighing pan and press the ZERO key to zero the scale.

2. Place a tare container on the weighing pan. The weight display will show the weight of the container.

3. Press TARE key. Then the display shows "-------" and waits for the weighing data to become stable.
4. The scale will subtract the weight of the container and the weight display changes to net weight.


The TARE ENTERED indicator will be displayed.

### 3.2. To Start Counting

1. Press the STANDBY/OPERATE key to turn the scale on when displaying the standby indicator. Or press the RESET key to clear any previous operations.
2. Three LED's on the UNIT WEIGHT BY keys will blink. This is to prompt you to select a method for entering a unit weight for operation.

3. Select one of the ways to enter or recall the unit weight (the weight of one item of what you are counting), and refer to the section noted for more instructions.


By stored ID number: Section "3.5. Unit Weight By ID Number"

You can return to this point at any time during operation by pressing the RESET key.
(This doesn't clear the entered tare weight and $\mathrm{M}+$ memory.)

### 3.3. Unit Weight By Samples

## 10 Sample Size

1. Three UNIT WEIGHT BY LED's should be blinking at this point, if not, press the RESET key to clear any unit weight. If you are going to use a tare container, place it on the weighing pan.
2. Press the SAMPLE key. Any tare container will be automatically tared.
The display Will show
"母e :enere" and "10 pcs".

3. Place 10 sample pieces on the weighing pan (or in the tared container).
The weight of all 10 pieces will be displayed.

4. Press the ENTER key.

The display will show "-------" for a moment while calculating the unit weight. After a moment the display will show the count, total weight and unit weight.


At this point the scale may decide that 10 pieces is not a large enough sample size for accurate counting. If you refer to the "लिए Ex.e.e" display again, then add the additional number of sample pieces displayed.
 and continue counting by pressing the ENTER key. However, the results may not be accurate. Refer to F-Function F-IT- 12 .

5. You may now begin counting operations for pieces of the same weight.

- Please refer to "11. ACAI FUNCTION" for information concerning the ACAI counting accuracy function.



## 5, 25, 50 or 100 Sample Size

1. Three UNIT WEIGHT BY LED's should be blinking at this point, if not, press the RESET key to clear any unit weight. If you are going to use a tare container, place it on the weighing pan.
2. Press the SAMPLE key. Any tare container will be automatically tared. The display will show



If weight isn't zero, press TARE.
3. Press the SAMPLE key to move through the count number of $5,25,50$ or 100 pieces.

The larger the sample size used, the more accurate the unit weight will be registered. (Example of selecting a sample size of 50)
4. Place the selected number of sample pieces on the weighing pan (or in the tared container).
The weight of the pieces will be displayed.
5. Press the ENTER key.

The display will show "-------" for a moment while calculating the unit weight. After a moment the display will show the count, total weight and unit weight.
(?)
If the "मृए Emele" display appears again, then the sample size is not large enough for accurate counting - add the additional number of sample pieces.

6. You may now begin counting operations for pieces of the same weight.

## Desired Sample Size

1. Three UNIT WEIGHT BY LED's should be blinking at this point, if not, press the RESET key to clear any unit weight.
If you are going to use a tare container, place it on the weighing pan.

2. Press the SAMPLE key. Any tare container will be automatically tared. The display will show "मए Emere" and " 10 pcs ".

$\Delta$ If weight isn't zero, press TARE.
3. Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ 10-key pad to display the sample size desired.

If you hit the wrong key, press the C key to clear and start again. (Example of selecting a sample size of 20)
4. Place the selected number of sample pieces on the weighing pan (or in the tared container). The weight of the pieces will be displayed.

5. Press the ENTER key.

The display will show "-------" for a moment while calculating the unit weight.
After a moment the display will show the count, total weight and unit weight.

 then the sample size is not large enough for accurate counting - add the additional number of sample pieces.

6. You may now begin counting operations for pieces of the same weight.

## Desired Sample Size Not Using The SAMPLE Key

1. Three UNIT WEIGHT BY LED's should be blinking at this point, if not, press the RESET key to clear any unit weight.
If you are going to use a tare container, place it on the weighing pan and press the TARE key. Be sure the weight display is " $[1$ ".


If weight isn't zero, press the TARE.
2. Place sample pieces on the weighing pan (or in the tared container).
The weight of the pieces will be displayed.
3. Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ 10-key pad to enter the sample size of the pieces you placed.
If you hit the wrong key, press the C key to clear and enter again. (Example of setting a sample size of 20)
4. Press the ENTER key.

The display will show dashes for a moment while calculating the unit weight. After a moment the display will show the count, total weight and unit weight.


If the "Add Sample" displays again, then the sample size is not enough for accurate counting - add the additional number of sample pieces.

5. You may now begin counting operations for pieces of the same weight.

### 3.4. Unit Weight By KEYBOARD

1. Three UNIT WEIGHT BY LED's should be blinking at this point, if not, press the RESET key to clear any unit weight.
If you are going to use a tare container, place it on the weighing pan and press the TARE key to tare the container.
2. Press the KEYBOARD key. The unit weight display and the ENTER key LED will blink.

3. Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ and . 10-key pad to display the unit weight.
If you hit the wrong key, press the C key to clear and start again.
(Example of a unit weight 32 g )

4. Press the ENTER key. The unit weight 32 g will have been entered.

$\triangle$ If the unit weight entered is too light, "L all" (low unit weight) will be displayed, and you will be returned to step 3 .
5. You may now begin counting operations for pieces of the same weight.


### 3.5. Unit Weight By ID Number

1. If there are no unit weight's stored in memory, refer to " 5.1 . Store Unit Weight by ID Number".
Three UNIT WEIGHT BY LED's should be blinking at this point, if not, press the RESET key to clear any unit weight.
2. Press the ID key. " , d- $000000 \square$ " will be displayed with


If you have been using the unit weight by ID number, its ID number stays displayed and blinks.

3. Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ 10-key pad to display the ID number.

If you hit the wrong key, press the C key to clear and start again. (Example of ID number " 123455 ")

4. Press the ENTER key. The count display will show " 1 " and the scale will recall "12g" previously entered as the unit weight of ID 123456.


If there is no unit weight entered for the ID number you tried to recall, "no id" will be displayed, and you will be returned to step 3.

5. You may now begin counting operations for pieces of the same weight.

[^0]
## 4.ENTERING A TARE WEIGHT

There are two methods of tare operations.
$\square$ Using the TARE key to subtract the displayed container weight directly. Please refer to "3.1. Basic Operations".
$\square$ Using the KEYBOARD TARE key to enter a tare weight via the 10-key pad.

### 4.1. Using the KEYBOARD TARE Key

1. Remove everything from the weighing pan and press the ZERO key to zero the scale.
2. Press the KEYBOARD TARE key. The weight display will blink (display is any tare weight previously entered).

3. Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ and.. 10-key pad to display the desired TARE weight.
$\square$ If you hit the wrong key, press the C key to clear and start again. (Example of a tare weight 615 g )

4. Press the ENTER key.

The weight display changes to net weight.

- The TARE ENTERED indicator will light.



### 4.2. To Clear TARE

## Either:

1. Have nothing on the weighing pan.

If the ZERO indicator is not displayed, press the ZERO key to zero the scale.

2. Press the TARE key.

The weight display will go to " $[1$ ", and the TARE ENTERED indicator will be turned off (tare cleared).


## Or:

1. Press the KEYBOARD TARE key.

The weight display will blink (display is any tare weight previously entered).

2. Press the 0 key and press the ENTER key.

3. The tare weight is cleared and the TARE ENTERED indicator will be turned off.


## 5.STORE UNIT WEIGHT

### 5.1. Store Unit Weight by ID Number

The scale can store up to 500 unit weights by 6 digit ID numbers, from 000001 to 999999. To recall, refer to "3.5. Unit Weight By ID Number".
$\square$ The scale is initially set to store the ID numbers with a unit weight and an item code only. However, it can be set to store a tare weight, comparator limits and total count by setting F-Function $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{n}$ 1-05.

1. First register a unit weight by any method - using a sample or via the 10-key pad and have it displayed.

2. Press the STORE UNIT WEIGHT key.
 blinking.
If you have been using the unit weight by ID number, its ID number stays displayed and blinks.

3. Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ 10-key pad to display the new ID number.
(Example of ID number " 123456 ")
If you hit the wrong key, press the C key to clear and start again.
4. Press the ENTER key.


The ID number is stored and the display returns to normal.


If the same ID number was previously stored, the scale beeps twice and the ID number display blinks. シid- 123455 F
You must then select one of two options: either (a) Overwrite the old ID unit weight, or (b) Select a different ID number:


## 5．2．Clearing A Stored Unit Weight

1．Press and hold the $C$ key，then press the STORE UNIT WEIGHT key－release both．

 will appear with $3000000 \%$ blinking．


3．Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ 10－key pad to display the ID number to clear． （Example of ID number＂ 123455 ＂）
If you hit the wrong key，press the C key to clear and start again．


4．Press the ENTER key．
After showing＂id－－－－－－＂for a moment，the ID number will be cleared and the display returns to normal．


If there is no such ID number to clear，the scale will beep．Return to step 3 to try again， or press the RESET key to exit．


## Clearing All ID Memories at Once

1．In the step 2 above，press the TOTAL key． ＂a－RLL＂will appear with 湂L三 blinking．


2．Press the ENTER key，then 沿 $L$ 气 blinking will stop．

3．Press the ENTER key again to clear all of ID memories．Press the RESET to exit without clearing ID memories．
The display will return to normal．


呮Lに blinking stops．

## 5．3．Store Item Code by ID Number

An item code of up to 12 alphanumeric characters can be set using the 10－key pad， and it will be stored with the ID number．

1．Press the STORE UNIT WEIGHT key．＂id－ 100000 Cl ＂will appear with



2．Enter the ID number desired using the $0 \rightarrow 9$ 10－key pad．

3．Press the STORE UNIT WEIGHT key again．
The symbol＂＂＂with blinking cursor シュ will appear．
$\square$ To return to step 2，press the STORE UNIT WEIGHT key．
？
To select the symbol＂：＂，＂E＂or＂i＂， press the $\mathrm{M}^{+}$（A／a）key．



Example of entering＂A\＆D Co．，Ltd．＂：Select the symbol＂\＃＂first．
4．Press the 2 （ $A B C$ ）key to place＂F＂．

5．Press the 0 （\＃）key several times to place＂夫＂．
6．Press the 3 （DEF）key to place＂＂．
7．Press the TOTAL $(\rightarrow)$ key twice to shift the cursor．
"m"

8．Press the 2 （ABC）key several times to place＂＂．
9．Press the $\mathrm{M}^{+}(\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{a})$ key to change the symbol＂ज＂to＂ m ＂．＂ F ＂
10．Press the 6 （MNO）key several times to place＂＂．＂．
－Repeat these procedures to the last letter．
11. Press the ENTER key. The ID number is stored with Item code and the display returns to normal.

- You may return to step 2 by pressing the STORE UNIT WEIGHT key.
(1. If the same ID number was previously stored, the scale beeps twice.

You must then select one of two options: either (a) Overwrite the old ID unit weight, or (b) Select a different ID number:



## Alphanumeric Character Table

| Key | Capital Letters | Lowercase Letters | Numeric Characters |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ] - $\quad \therefore \ldots$ |  | I |
| 2 | P | $\cdots$ - | 2 |
| 3 | : | \# | \% |
| 4 | \% | - : | \% |
| 5 | $\cdots$ + | ; | \% |
| 6 | ण | \# \% | \% |
| 7 | P \% | $\cdots=$ | 7 |
| 8 | $\square$ | ! ! | \% |
| 9 | \\| \% | $\square \square$ | \% |
| 0 | * $\%$ \% | C + \% | ] |
| $\square$ | $\cdots$-- | $\cdots \because$ | : |
| c |  | Clear (Space) |  |

STORE UNIT WEIGHT: ID number input $\leftrightarrow \rightarrow$ Item code input
PRINT $\leftarrow$
To shift the cursor left
TOTAL $\rightarrow$ To shift the cursor right
$\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{a}: \quad$ Capital $\rightarrow$ Lowercase $\rightarrow$ Numeric $\rightarrow$ Capital $\rightarrow \ldots$

### 5.4. Unit Weight, Tare, Comparator Limits \& Total Count Stored

The scale is initially set to store the ID numbers with a unit weight and an item code only. However, it can be set to store a tare weight, comparator limits and/or total count also by setting F-Function F-71-05.

1. First register a unit weight and a tare weight by any method. If necessary, set the comparator limits and use the $\mathrm{M}+$ accumulation.
2. Go to step 2 of section "5.1. Store Unit Weight
 by ID Number".

When you recall a unit weight by the ID key, the tare, comparator limits and/or total count are also recalled along with the unit weight.


[^1]
## 6.USING THE M+ MEMORY

### 6.1.The M+ Memory Function

$\square$ The scale can accumulate count data by pressing the $\mathrm{M}^{+}$key, or automatically (refer to the next page). It also keeps track of the number of times you add to the total.

When you view the total by pressing the TOTAL key, you view the number of pieces accumulated and the number of additions (how many times the total was added to). Please refer to "6.2." and "6.3." to view or clear the total count.

## Adding Using the M+Key

$\square$ When stable count data is displayed:

1. Press the $\mathrm{M}^{+}$key.

The $\boldsymbol{\triangle} \mathbf{M}+$ indicator will blink for a few seconds.


If the scale beeps 4 times, or the $\boldsymbol{\Delta} \mathbf{M +}$ indicator did not blink, then refer to the note below.

The $\boldsymbol{\Delta} \mathbf{M +}$ indicator will stay ON while there is count in memory.

2. Press the $\mathrm{M}+$ key every time you want to add to the count. Remember that you may only add the count data once - the scale must return to near zero before it will let you add again.

The $\mathrm{M}^{+}$key is accepted only once for every stable count data. Once accepted, the $\mathrm{M}^{+}$key is prohibited until the display returns to less than +5 d ( $1 \mathrm{~d}=1$ weighing division).

- If $F-13-12$ is set at " 1 ", then the $\mathrm{M}+$ key can accumulate negative data. Once the $\mathrm{M}^{+}$key is accepted, weight data must return within $\pm 5 \mathrm{~d}$ before the next accumulation.
$\square$ To store the total count in the ID number, refer to "5.4. Unit Weight, Tare, Comparator Limits \& Total Count Stored".

The total count is not stored in the ID memories automatically even if it was recalled bv ID number.

## To Erase the Last M+ Addition

1. Press and hold the $C$ key, then press the $\mathrm{M}+$ key - release.

2. The scale will clear the last $\mathbf{M +}$ addition.

If the scale beeps 4 times, there is no $\mathbf{M +}$ addition to erase.

## Automatic M+ Accumulation Mode

- M+ Accumulation can also be done automatically each time you count a different batch, As soon as you have a stable count, it will be added to the M+ memory and the scale will beep J . The weight display will have to return to near zero before another count can be added.

Automatic $\mathbf{M}+$ accumulation is set by F-Function $F-87-0 \mid$ at " $\mid$ ".
Only positive counts can be added. If F-Function $F-0 \exists-02$ is set at " $i$ " (to accept negative count data), it will be ignored.

Once there is an automatic $\mathbf{M +}$ accumulation, the display must return to less than $+5 d$ before another count can be accumulated.

### 6.2. Viewing the $\mathbf{M}+$ Total

1. Press the TOTAL key.

The count display will show the total count and the $\triangle$ TOTAL indicator will come ON.
The number of additions to the $\mathbf{M +}$ memory is also shown.
2. Press the TOTAL key again. The display will return to normal.


Number of additions to M+ memory

### 6.3. Clearing the $M+$ Total

1. Press and hold the $C$ key, then press the TOTAL key - release both.

2. The scale will clear the $\mathbf{M +}$ memory, and the $\Delta$ TOTAL indicator and the $\Delta \mathbf{M +}$ indicator will go OFF.
The RESET key does not clear the total data.
The total data is held in memory, but if AC/Battery power to
scale is interrupted, the total data will be lost.

### 6.4.The M- Function

The scale can subtract count data from $\mathbf{M +}$ memory by using the ${ }^{*}$ key.
$\square$ Set the F-Function $F-09-0|="|$ " to use the * key as $M$ - key.
This function is not to clear the last $\mathbf{M +}$ addition, but to subtract count data instead of addition. The number of additions is increased.
? There is no automatic $\mathbf{M}$ - function.

## 7.COMPARATOR FUNCTION

The scale contains a comparator function that checks the amount on the weighing pan against set acceptable count or weight levels. When the comparator function is activated, "H", "世" or "W" is displayed.

Before the comparator will work, upper and lower limits must be set (refer to below). The levels are set by count or weight. So, if you are using weight for your comparator levels, calculate the weight before starting the procedure below.

If OP-04 is installed, comparator relay output is also available.


Upper limit 102 pcs
Lower limit 98 pcs
The beeper is set ON at

The comparator responds as follows,
"H." Upper limits < Count / Weight data
"ए" Lower limits $\leq$ Count / Weight data $\leq$ Upper limits
"]" Count / Weight data < Lower limits

## To Set the Comparator

Start with the scale in standby mode, display OFF.

1. Press and hold the ZERO key, then press the STANDBY/OPERATE key - release both.

The count display will show "F-0G" with "0I" blinking.

2. Press the 5 key to enter into the F-Function F-05-X Comparator .

3. Press the ENTER key.

The count display will show the F-Function and its present setting will blink.

4. Use the $0 \rightarrow 6$ keys to display the number of the desired setting.

For example, let's select " |" compare all data.
5. Press the ENTER key to save the setting and move to next F-Function, $F-05-02$.
6. Continue to enter $F-05$ comparator settings - refer to "10.2. F-Functions" for a listing. If there are no changes to a F-Function, press the ENTER key to move to the next.

7. When finished: press the STANDBY/OPERATE key to exit. Then, press it to turn the display back ON. Comparator functions will now operate as set.


## To ENTER

or MOVE to next

## Viewing Comparator Limits

The comparator limits you are using will be shown by pressing the ${ }_{*}^{*}$ key.
$\square$ Set $F-09-01=" 0$ " to use this mode.

1. Press the $*$ key, then upper and lower limits will be shown.

2. Press the $*$ key twice, the display will return to normal.


## Changing Comparator Limits Temporarily

$\square$ Set $F-09-01=" 0$ " to use this mode.

1. In step 1 above, press the ENTER key, the upper limit value will blink.
2. Change the upper limit using the 10-key pad and press the ENTER key. The upper limit will stop blinking and the lower
 limit blinks.
3. Change the lower limit using the 10-key pad and press the ENTER key. Then the display will return to normal with the new limits.
. These temporary limits will disappear when the display is turned off.


## 8.TIME AND DATE FUNCTION

The scale has a time and date function and that data can be sent through the RS-232C interface. There are two ways to set time and date.

## To Set in the F-Function Settings

Start with the scale in standby mode, with the display is turned off.

1. Press and hold the ZERO key, then press the STANDBY/OPERATE key - release both to enter the F-Function setting mode.

The count display will show "F -
2. Key in 11 and press the ENTER key to display the setting value, time and date. If you want to change the order of year, month and date, use the $0 \rightarrow 2$ to change the setting.

3. Press the $C$. The first digit of time and date will blink.
Use the 10-key pad to set the time and date.
The "seconds" value" is fixed to "IIT".
4. Press the ENTER key to return to the step 2 and the clock will start from "0I" seconds.
5. Press the STANDBY/OPERATE key to exit,
 and press it again to turn the display back ON.

## Using the * Key to Set the Time and Date

$\square$ Set the F-Function $F-09-0 I=0 \square$ to use the $\quad *$ key as this function.

1. Press the $*$ key twice to display the time and date.
2. Press the ENTER key, then the first digit of date will blink.

3. Use the 10-key pad to set the date and press the ENTER key. Then the first digit of time will blink.
The "seconds" value is fixed to "00".
4. Use the 10-key pad to set the time and press the ENTER key to return to normal. The clock will start from "00" seconds.


## 9.CALIBRATION

Calibration of the scale is required when it is initially installed, if it is moved often, or it is moved a substantial distance. Calibration is also necessary in regular scale maintenance due to normal mechanical wear-and-tear, changes in seasonal temperature, humidity, air pressure, etc.

The scale is equipped with gravity compensation, which allows it to be calibrated in one location and then adjusted to match the gravity acceleration at another location where it will be used. But don't worry about this, as far as you calibrate the scale using a calibration weight and use it at same place.
. The scale must perform "warm up" (with the AC adapter connected) for at least 30 minutes before starting calibration.

### 9.1. Calibration Procedure Using a Weight

The scale should have power connected at least one-half hour to warm it up before starting the calibration procedure.

1. Remove the calibration switch cover, and press the calibration (CAL) switch. The scale shows "[ML" in the count display.


- Press the CAL switch to exit without calibrating the scale.

2. Press the ZERO key to enter into zero \& span calibration mode.

The display flashes the required calibration weight value.

If you know the exact weight value, or if you wish to use a different weight,
use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ and $\square$ 10-key pad to display the desired calibration weight.
(For example: Using 10kg calibration weight that actually weighs 10.002 kg .)

3. Press the ENTER key.

The calibration weight stops blinking and "LCL $[$ " appears.

4. Making sure that there is nothing on, or touching the weighing pan, press the ENTER key. When zero calibration is completed, the display will show "[RL F".

5. Place the calibration weight on the weighing pan and press the ENTER key.
When span calibration is completed, the display



If you don't need span calibration, press the CAL switch to exit from the calibration procedure.

If the calibration weight is not what it should be, an error will be displayed. Check if the weight is correct and try again.

```
Calibretion Sem
G-umbtim, meg\t Grg
```

6. Press the CAL switch and re-attach the calibration switch cover.
(End of the calibration procedure.)


If the scale will be moved to another place, set the gravity acceleration value before calibration. The value must be of the area where the calibration is to be done.

### 9.2. Gravity Compensation

© When the scale is first used or has been moved to different place, it should be calibrated using a calibration weight.
But if the calibration weight cannot be prepared, the gravity acceleration correction will compensate the scale. Change the gravity acceleration value of the scale to the value of the area where it will be used. Refer to the gravity acceleration map appended to the end of this manual.

1. In step 1 of the previous procedure, press the TARE key.
The display flashes the gravity acceleration value stored in the scale.

2. Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ and $\square$ 10-key pad to display the desired gravity acceleration value. (Example of the value $9.800 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$.)
3. Press the ENTER key.

The scale will store the new value. If necessary to calibrate the scale using a weight, go to step 2 of the previous section.

4. Press the CAL switch and re-attach the calibration switch cover.
(End of the calibration procedure.)

## 10. F-FUNCTION PARAMETERS

### 10.1. To Change or View F-Function Settings

Start with the scale in standby mode, with the display is turned off.

1. Press and hold the ZERO key, then press the STANDBY/OPERATE key.

The count display will show "F - 0 " with "00" blinking. Then release the both keys.
2. Press the $0 \rightarrow 9$ keys to display the number of the F-Function.
$\square$ For example: the 5 key to enter into the F-Function $F-05-X$ Comparator.
3. Press the ENTER key.

The count display will show the F-Function and its present setting will blink.
4. You may now either change the setting (step 5) or move to the next F-Function (step 6).
5. Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ keys to change the setting.
$\therefore$ The $C$ key clears the input setting if you press the wrong key and want to re-enter.

8
If you make a mistake and want to escape without saving any changes made after the last time the ENTER] key was pressed press the STANDBY/OPERATE key to exit.

$\triangle$ After the ENTER key is pressed, the data is entered.
6. Press the ENTER key to save any changes and/or move to the next item.

7. When finished: Press the STANDBY/OPERATE key to exit. Then, press it to turn the display back on. The new settings will operate as set.


### 10.2. F-Functions

$\square$ " 4 "designates factory settings.
F-00-X Weighing Unit
USA Version ONLY

| $F-9 \square-91$ | $\square$ Weight Display. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $\bigcirc$ kg (kilograms, FC-i series), g (grams, FC-Si series) |
|  | 14 lb (pounds). |

$F-00-02$

| Unit Weight (when "lb" is selected). |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| $B$ | lb as piece weight. |
| 14 | lb as 1,000 piece weight. |

## F-01-X Operations



| Operation Mode. |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\square$ \& | Normal operation. All features and keys available. |
| $\boldsymbol{1}$ | Simplified operation. The unit weight registration is by <br> sample only. All other keys are disabled. |

## F-01-02

- "Add" Sample Request Override.

If the sample weight is too light and the scale asks to "Add" more sample pieces, using this F-Function, the unit weight can be entered without adding the requested sample pieces. Or disable the "Add" sample request function.
$0 \quad$ "Add" sample request function is disabled. Light unit weight can be accepted without "Add" more sample request.
If The unit weight can be entered without requested "Add" sample pieces (via the ENTER key).
$〕$ The unit weight cannot be entered without requested "Add" sample pieces (via the ENTER key).

## F-01-03

F-01-03 requires OP-05 and a remote scale

## $\square$ Auto REMOTE SCALE After Unit Weight Registration.

The scale can be set to the remote scale after the unit weight registration, instead of having to manually press the REMOTE SCALE key. Please note that this does not affect any other use of the REMOTE SCALE key.

| $\square 4$ | No automatic switching. |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\boldsymbol{1}$ | Automatic switching to the remote scale. |
| $己$ | Automatic switching to the main scale. |


| $F-7 i-74$ | $\square$ Display ON Unit Weight - Reset or Last. <br> When the display is turned on, the scale can be set to recall the last unit weight used. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 04 The unit weight is RESET (cleared) when display comes on. |
|  | The unit weight last used (before display is turned off, not power interrupt) will be entered automatically. |
| F-71-75 | $\square$ ID Memory Contents. <br> The scale ID memory can contain unit weights with tare weights, comparator limits and total count, or just unit weights alone. Item codes are always contained. |
|  | OTO 4 ID memory contains the unit weight and item code only. |
|  | TOTAL TARE <br> count <br> Weight You select which data to be stored by keying in a <br> 0 <br>  limits or total count. <br> Example: Key in 0 0 <br> memory contains the unit weight including item   <br> Comparator <br> limits code and comparator limits. |

## F-01-06

F-01-06 requires OP-05 and a remote scale

## Unit Weight With A 2 Scale System.

When operating a 2 scale system, the remote scale may have an independent unit weight, or restricted to the same as the main scale.
( Each scale can have its own unit weight.
If Main and remote scales have the same unit weight only.

## F-02-X ACAI Operation \& Min. Unit Weight

| F-O2-O1 | $\square$ ACAI Mode When Unit Weight Entered by Sample Pieces. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | ACAI is disabled. |
|  | 14 | ACAI automatic operation. |
|  | 2 | ACAI manual mode (using the ENTER key). |


| F-02-02 | $\square$ ACAI Mode When Unit Weight Entered by Keyboard or ID |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | ACAI is disabled. |
|  | 1 | ACAI manual mode (using the ENTER key). This setting works when $F-02-D I$ setting is not " $[$ ". |
|  | 2 | ACAI automatic obeys $F-02-01$ setting. |


| F-02-03 | $\square$ Minimum Unit Weight. (1d=1 weighing display division) The factory setting may be different for some countries. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | $1 / 5 \mathrm{~d}$ (FC-i series), $1 / 20 \mathrm{~d}$ (FC-S $\boldsymbol{i}$ series) |
|  | 14 | $1 / 100 \mathrm{~d}$ (FC-i series), 1/400 d (FC-Si series) |

## F-03-X M+ Accumulation Function

$$
F-03-01
$$

| $\mathbf{M +}$ Accumulation - Automatic or Manual |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| D | Manual accumulation (by pressing the $\overline{\mathrm{M}+}$ key). |  |
| I | Automatic accumulation (Positive data only). |  |

## $F-03-02$



## F-04-X Environment and Beeper

| F-74-7i | $\square$ Zero Tracking. Zero tracking traces a drift from zero caused by temperature changes etc., and stabilizes the zero point. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 04 | Zero tracking ON. |
|  | 1 | Zero tracking OFF. |
| F-T4-2 | $\square$ Response |  |
|  | $\square$ | Fast / sensitive |
|  | 14 | Normal |
|  | ? | Slow / stable |


| $F-74-73$ | - Stable Detection Speed / Environment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | Fast stable detection (good environment). |
|  | 14 | Normal. |
|  | 已 | Slow stable detection (poor environment). |


| $F-74-74$ | $\square$ Beeper for key operation |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | O 4 Beeper ON. |
|  | 1 Beeper OFF. |

## F-05-X Comparator

| $F-75-21$ | $\square$ Comparator Mode. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 04 | comparator off. |
|  | 1 | compare all data |
|  | 2 | compare stable |
|  | 3 | compare all data |
|  | 4 | compare stable |
|  | 5 | compare all pos |
|  | 6 | compare stable |
|  | * "near zero" means between -4d and +4d of weight data. |  |

## F-05-02

| Data to Compare - Count or Weight |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\square 4$ | Compare count data. |
| 1 | Compare weight data. |

## F-05-03

$\square$ Upper Limit.
04
Enter via the 10-key pad.
Use the $\square-$ or $\quad$. key to "set minus value.

```
F-05-04
```

Lower Limit.
0. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Enter via the } 10 \text {-key pad. } \\ & \text { Use the } \square-\text { or } \square . k^{2} \text { key to set minus value. }\end{aligned}$

## F-05-05

- A Beeper With Comparator Results.

These are beeps for the comparator, not for the key operation.
0004 All Comparator Beepers are OFF.

| 000 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 414 | 0 = Beeper OFF |
| HI LO |  |
| OK | $1=$ Beeper ON |


The OK beep sounds - HI \& LO doesn't sound. The scale will beep continuously when display meets OK condition.

## F-05-06

## Factory Use.

04 This setting should be " C ".

## F-06-X/F-07-X/F-08-X Data Output

F-06-X for standard RS-232C,
F-07-X for Ch. 1 (PORT 1) and
F-08-X for Ch. 2 (PORT 2).

## $\left.F-\begin{gathered}06 \\ 0.07 \\ 08\end{gathered}-0 \right\rvert\,$

| $\square$ Data Out Mode |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 04 | Key mode: Data is sent by pressing the PRINT key. + command mode. |
| 1 | Stream mode: Data is sent continuously. command mode cannot be used. |
| 2 | Auto-print mode A: Data is sent if the weight display is stable at +5 d (weighing display division) and above. + command mode. |
| 3 | Auto-print mode B: Data is sent if the weight display is stable, at $\pm 5 \mathrm{~d}$ (weighing display division) and above/below. + command mode |
| 4 | Command mode only. |
| 5 | To use as Bar Code Reader Interface. |
| 6 | UFC format with Key Mode (see setting " $\mathrm{i}^{\text {") }}$ ). |
| 7 | UFC format with Auto-Print Mode A (see setting "c"). |
| 8 | UFC format with Auto-Print Mode B (see setting "J"). |


| $F-\begin{gathered} 06 \\ 07 \\ 08 \end{gathered}$ | $\square$ Data to be Sent． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | OLIOL 4 Count data sent． |  |
|  |  | You select which data to be sent by keying in a 0 or 1 for the data：Date，ID no．，PCS （count），weight or unit weight． <br> Example：Key in $0,1,1,0$ to display 01100, this setting would send only the ID number and the count． |

## $\left.F \begin{array}{c}06 \\ -07 \\ 08\end{array}\right)-73$

| $\square$ Data Format |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 04 | Format for AD－8127 external key printing mode． | No difference between＂$[1$＂ |
| 1 | Format for AD－8127 dump printing mode． | UFC format． |
| 2 | Format for general apparatuses，computers，etc． |  |

$$
F-\begin{gathered}
06 \\
07 \\
08
\end{gathered}-04
$$

| Baud Rate |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\square \mathbf{~}$ | 2400 bps． |
| I | 4800 bps． |
| 己 | 9600 bps． |

$\mathcal{F} \underset{\substack{06 \\ 07}}{0.05}$

| Data Length and Parity |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\square$ ィ | 7 bits，even parity． |
| $\boldsymbol{1}$ | 7 bits，odd parity． |
| $己$ | 8 bits，non parity． |

## F-09-X * key

| F-79-71 | $\square$ Operation mode for the * key |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 04 | Operating as a MODE key to display comparator upper and lower limits, and time and date. |
|  | 1 | Operating as $\square$ key to subtract Count data from M+ memory. |

## F-09-02

| $\square$ Decimal Point and Weight Data for RS-232C Output |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 04 | Decimal point="." <br> Stable weight data format $=$ "ST, $+001.23456 \mathrm{~kg} "$ |
| 1 | Decimal point = "," <br> Stable weight data format = "ST, $+001,2346 \mathrm{~kg} "$ |
| $\tau$ | ```Decimal point = "." Stable weight data format = "WT,+001.2346 kg"``` |
| 3 | Decimal point = "," <br> Stable weight data format $=$ " $\mathrm{WT},+001,2346 \mathrm{~kg}$ " |

## F-10-X External Control Signal Input



## F-11-X Time \& Date

| $F-1 i-0 \mid$ | $\square$ Time and Date Display. Select the order of date display. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | Year-Month-Date. |
|  | 14 | Month-Date-Year. |
|  | 2 | Date-Month-Year. |

## 11. ACAI FUNCTION

### 11.1. ACAI Automatic Counting Accuracy Improvement

The ACAI ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ (Automatic Counting Accuracy Improvement) function recalculates the unit weight as more pieces are added to improve count accuracy.

When the scale calculates the unit weight from sample pieces, the more sample pieces that are used, the higher the accuracy.


## ACAI Notes

You must do the ACAI procedure just after you set the unit weight. The samples must be still on the weighing pan.

Do not take the samples off until the end of the ACAI procedure.
You don't have to count out the pieces when you add, just stay within the ACAI range.
Continue the ACAI procedure to reach the largest amount that you will be counting.
If you want the most precise counting results for every different batch of the same items, use ACAI every time you start counting the next batch.
$\square$ The ACAI does not work when you use a remote scale if the unit weight was set on the main scale and vice versa.

The ACAI function is initially set to manual operation when the unit weight is set digitally by the keyboard, by ID memory or using computer via the serial interface. This can be set to the automatic mode. The ACAI mode when the unit weight is entered by ID or digital input is controlled by F-Function $F-\pi I-G I$. It is initially set at " $[1$ ", ACAI manual operation mode. Set to " '" for automatic operation mode.

### 11.2. ACAI Automatic Operation

1. To start ACAI automatic operation, the unit weight must be registered and the samples still on the weighing pan.

2. Add pieces within the nearest ACAI range (refer to table below). A good rule of thumb is to roughly double the amount on the weighing pan.


| Pcs On the | ACAI |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Weighing Pan | Addition Range | 60 | $63 \sim 123$ |
| 10 | $13 \sim 27$ | 70 | $73 \sim 139$ |
| 20 | $23 \sim 50$ | 80 | $83 \sim 153$ |
| 30 | $33 \sim 71$ | 90 | $93 \sim 167$ |
| 40 | $43 \sim 90$ | 100 | $103 \sim 300$ |
| 50 | $53 \sim 107$ | over 200 | $203 \sim 493$ |



As you add, the ACAI indicator will be ON as long as you are in range.


When you stop adding and the display becomes STABLE, the ACAI indicator will blink.


After the new unit weight is calculated, the indicator will disappear,
3. Continue adding pieces within the ACAI range until you have reached a sample size as large as the largest number of pieces that you will be counting.

When you have added the maximum number of pieces required, remove the sample pieces and start your counting job.

### 11.3. ACAI Manual Operation

The ACAI procedure can also be controlled manually. The ACAI will not recalculate the unit weight until the ENTER key is pressed (as long as it is at the proper time and the guidelines in the ACAI notes have been followed).

- The ACAI manual mode is controlled by F-Function $F-\square 2-\square 1$, set at " 2 ".
$\square$ To start ACAI manual operation, the unit weight must be registered and the samples still on the weighing pan.

1. Add pieces within the nearest ACAI range (refer to table in the previous section). The ACAI indicator will stay ON as long as you are within the ACAI range.

2. Wait until the display becomes stable and press the ENTER key. When the new unit weight is calculated, the indicator will blink for a moment and disappear.
3. Continue adding pieces within the ACAI range until you have reached a sample size as large as the largest number of pieces that you will be counting.

When you have added the maximum number of pieces required, remove the sample pieces and start your counting job.

## 12. RS-232C SERIAL INTERFACE

The scale has not only a standard RS-232C interface but also optional interfaces, Ch. 1 and Ch.2.

The specifications described in this section are common to all of the RS-232C interfaces.

### 12.1. RS-232C Specifications

Transmission system
Transmission form Data format

EIA RS-232C
Asynchronous, bi-directional, half-duplex
Baud rate: $\quad 2400,4800,9600$ bps
Data: $\quad 7$ bits + parity 1 bit (even or odd)
or 8 bits (non-parity)
Start bit: $\quad 1$ bit
Stop bit: 1 bit
Code: ASCII
Terminator: Data Send / CRLF (Cr: 0Dh, Lf: 0Ah) Data Receive / $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{R}}$ or $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{R}} \mathrm{LF}_{\mathrm{F}}$


Pin connections
D-sub 9pin male connector


1 N.C.
2 Transmit data
3 Receive data
4 N.C.
5 Signal ground
6 Data set ready
7 Request to send
8 Clear to send
9 N.C.
$\square$ The scales are designated as DCE (Data Communication Equipment).

### 12.2. Data Output Mode

- The data output modes and parameters are set by F-Functions in F-06/07/08-X as described in the F-Function parameters, section 9.
$\square$ To control the scale using commands from an external device, refer to "12.5. Command Mode".
$\square$ Refer to "12.5. Command Mode" about the output data format.

Data Out Mode (F-06/07/08-01)

- Key Mode (F-06 07 08-0 I="0")

When the weight display is stable, data is sent by pressing the PRINT key.
The count display will blink when the data has been sent.

- Stream Mode (F-06/07/0B-0 I=" '")

Data is sent continuously. The data-update rate is approximately 5 times per second for $F-06 / 07 / 08-03=" 2 "$. For $F-06 / 07 / 08-3=" 0 "$ or " $1 "$, the interval between continuous data is approximately 2 seconds.

- Auto-print Mode A (F-06/07/08-0 $1=$ "2")

Data is sent if the WEIGHT display is stable at +5 d (weighing display division) and above. The next transmission can not occur until after the weight display falls below +5 d .

- Auto-print Mode B (F-06/07/08-0 $1=$ "3")

Data is sent if the WEIGHT display is stable at $\pm 5 \mathrm{~d}$ (weighing display division) and above/below. The next transmission can not occur until after the weight display falls between $-5 d$ and $+5 d$.

To use with the UFC format.
Refer to "12.7. Using UFC (Universal Flex Coms) Function"

## Data to be Sent ( $F-06 / 07 / 08-02$ )

Select which data is o be sent by keying in a 0 or 1 for the data: Date / time, ID Number, PCS (count), weight or unit weight.

Example: Key in $0 \boxed{1} \boxed{1} 000$ to display 01100 , this setting would send only the ID number and the count.


Data Format (F-06/07/08-03)
$\square$ Format for AD-8127 external key printing mode or manual printing mode. (F-06/07/08-03="0")

- Format for AD-8127 dump printing mode. (F-06/07/08-03=" $\left.\right|^{\prime \prime}$ )
- Format for general apparatuses, computers, etc. ( $F-06 / 07 / 08-03=" 2 ")$

Baud Rate (F-06/07/08-04)
Select the baud rate according to the device to be connected.

- $2400 \mathrm{bps}(F-06 / 07 / 08-04=" 0 ") \quad$ Select 2400 bps to connect with an AD-8127.
- 4800 bps ( $F-06 / 07 / 08-04=" 1 ")$
- 9600 bps ( $F-06 / 07 / 08-04=" 2 ")$


### 12.3. Connecting the AD-8127 Printer / External Key Printing Mode or Manual Printing Mode

$\square$ When using the AD-8127 printer (external key printing mode or manual printing mode), you will be able to get data: Number of data items, total, maximum, minimum, mean value, range of data
(max. - min. data) and standard deviation.

- When using the AD-8127 with manual printing mode, set $F-05 / \square 7 / \square 0-92$ to print pcs (count) data only or weight data only.

To print date and time, use the AD-8127's calendar / clock function and set F-05/ $7 / 40-2$ to print pcs (count) data only or weight data only.

## Print Operations Settings

| Print By: | F-Function F-06/07/60-01 | Printer MODE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FC PRINT key | $\square$ | External key printing mode |
| Auto Print | 2 or 3 | External key printing mode |
| Printer DATA key | i | Manual printing mode |

## Example of $F-06 / 07 / 00-02$ settings

- To print pcs (count) data only: set $F-06 / 07 / 00-02$ at " 001000
- To print weight data only: set $F-06 / 07 / 08-02$ at "000 ic
- To print pcs (count) and weight data: set $F-06 / 07 / 08-02$ at " 001101
- To print pcs, weight and Unit Weight data: set $F-06 / 07 / 08-02$ at " 00 i 1 i"
- To print total data (accumulated by the $\overline{M+}$ key), press the TOTAL key so the Count display shows the total, then press the PRINT key.
- If you are using the AD-8127's statistic functions, then set $F-06 / 07 / 08-02$ at " 00 1\# 1 " (\# = 0 or 1 ) for pcs (count) data or " 00010 " for weight data.
The external key printing mode and manual printing mode of the AD-8127 can not print ID numbers.


### 12.4. Connecting the AD-8127 Printer / Dump Printing Mode

When using the dump printing mode of the AD-8127 printer, printouts are obtained using the PRINT key ( $F-05 / 07 / 98-\pi 1=0$ ), or auto-print mode A/B ( $F-05 / 07 / 108-01=2$ or 3 ).
$\square$ The dump printing mode can print the ID number with its item code.

- To print date/time, set $F-06 / 07 / 08-02$ at " $1 \# \# \# \# "(\#=0$ or i).
$\square$ The total data (accumulated by the $\mathrm{M}^{+}$key) will be printed along with the number of additions to $\mathbf{M +}$ memory.

4 The AD-8127 / dump printing mode does not have statistical functions.

## AD-8127 Printout Sample

External key printing mode
Dump printing mode


### 12.5. Command Mode

In the command mode, the scale is controlled by commands that come from an external device, computer etc.Do not set $F-06 / 07 / 08-01=" \mid "$ (stream mode) to use with the command mode. if you don't want to use command mode together with key mode or auto-print mode, set $F-06 / 07 / 08-01=" 4 "$ (command mode only).
$\square$ Use a D-sub 9 pin cable (straight type) to connect with a computer.
Option cable: AX-KO2466-200, D-sub 9 pin, 2 m

Command List

| Command | Definition | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| @ | Start / stop continuous data transmission. |  |
| A | Same as RESET key. | Key command |
| D | Set a known tare weight. | "D,1.23CRLF" sets the tare weight as "1.23kg". |
| E | Store the unit weight in use, other values and specified item code to ID memory. | Refer to the data format. Refer $F$ - 01 - 05 |
| F | Recall a unit weight from ID memory. | "F123CRLF" recalls from ID000123. |
| G | Set a known unit weight. | "G,0.123C $C_{R} L_{F}$ " sets the unit weight as " 0.123 g " (or " 0.123 lb "). |
| 1 | Same as the REMOTE SCALE key. | Key command |
| $J$ | Same as the TOTAL key. | Key command |
| K | Same as the M+ key. | Key command |
| P | Same as the STANDBY/OPERATE key. | Key command |
| Q | Send data immediately. | Data depends on |
| S | Send stable data after accepting command. | F-06/07/08-02 |
| T | Same as the TARE key. | Key command |
| X | Request a list of the F-Function parameters. | The last data terminates with |
| Y | Request a list of the ID memory contents. | <EOT> (04H) |
| Z | Same as the ZERO key. | Key command |
| ON | Turn the display ON. |  |
| OFF | Turn the display OFF. |  |
| ?ID | Send the ID number and item code in use. |  |
| ?QT | Send the pcs (count) data. |  |
| ?WT | Send the weight data. | Refer to the data format for the |
| ?UW | Send the unit weight in use. | reply. |
| ?AQ | Send the total (accumulated) M+ memory count |  |
| ?AN | Send the number of additions to M+ memory. |  |
| ?TR | Send the tare weight in use. |  |
| ?MR | Send the specified ID memory contents. |  |


| Command | Definition | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MR | Store the unit weight and tare weight into the specified ID memory. | Refer to the data format for the reply. |
| MI | Store the item code into the specified ID memory. |  |
| ML | Store the comparator limits into the specified ID memory. |  |
| MA | Store the total count and number of additions into the specified ID memory. |  |
| CM | Clear the specified ID memory contents | "CM, 1.23CRLF" clears content of id000 i2 |
| ?FC | Send the specified F-Function setting. | Refer to the data format for the reply. |
| FC | Store the specified F-Function setting value. |  |

## Acknowledgment and Error Codes

When the scale receives an external command, it reacts as follows:
$\square$ If the command requests a data reply, the scale will send the data.
For other commands, the scale will send an acknowledgment <AK> $(06 \mathrm{H})$ upon acceptance of the command.
If the command is $I, S, T$ or $Z$, the scale will send a second acknowledgment <AK> $(06 \mathrm{H})$ when the command operation is completed.

If an error occurs, the scale will send an error code.

$\square$ The error format is |  | $C$ | $E$ | $n$ | $C_{R}$ | $L_{F}, ~ " n " ~ b e i n g ~ t h e ~ e r r o r ~ n u m b e r . ~$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| En | Definition | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| E0 | Communication error | Parity error, framing error, etc. |
| E1 | Undefined command error | The command does not exist for the scale. |
| E2 | Scale not ready error. | The scale is not in a state where a command <br> could be expected. |
| E4 | Too many characters error | The command contains too many characters. |
| E6 | Format error | The command contains invalid characters. |
| E7 | Out of range error | Value is out of range. The tare weight is more <br> than the capacity, etc. |

## Data Format " - " in examples below shows "Space" (20H).

] Store the unit weight in use, other values (according to F-11-05) and specified item code
Command

| E | , | 1 | 2 | 3 | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| E | , | 1 | 2 | 3 | , | a | b | c | C |  |

Stores into 1200123 with no item code. $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ Stores into 10100123 with item code

Reply
AK

- ID number and item code

Command


Reply

$\square$ PCS (Count ) data

Command |  | $?$ | Q | T | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Reply

| Q | T | , | + | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | - | P | C | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | Stable positive data |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U | S | , | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | - | P | C | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | Unstable negative data |
| O | L | , | + | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | - | P | C | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | "E" display |

$\square$ Weight data
Command

| $?$ | W | T | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Reply

| S | T | , | + | 0 | 0 | 1 | . | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | - | k | g | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | Stable positive data |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S | T | , | - | 0 | 0 | 2 | . | 7 | 2 | 5 | 5 | - | I | b | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | Stable negative data |
| U | S | , | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | . | 3 | 4 | 6 | - | I | b | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | Unstable negative data |
| U | S | , | + | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | . | 5 | 9 | 3 | - | k | g | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | Unstable positive data |
| O | L | , | + | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | . | 9 | 9 | 9 | - | k | g | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | "E" display |
| O | L | , | - | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | . | 9 | 9 | 9 | - | I | b | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | "E" display |

$\square$ Unit weight
Command $\square$
Reply

| U | W | , | + | 1 | . | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | - | - | g | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U | W | , | + | 0 | . | 2 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 | - | I | b | C |
| $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Total count
Command
Reply


- Accumulation number

Command

| $?$ | A | N | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | N |  |  |  |

Reply

$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline \mathrm{A} & \mathrm{~N} & , & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & \mathrm{C} & \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{F}} \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

－Tare weight
Command $\qquad$
Reply

| T | R | , | + | 0 | 0 | 1 | . | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | - | k | g | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Request the scale to reply with the contents of ID memory．

Reply

| M | R | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | , | a | b | c | d | e | f | g | h | i | j | k | l | , |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | . | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | , | + | 0 | 0 | 0 | . | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | , | + | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 7 | , | + | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 6 | , | + | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | 7 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | C | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

MR，ID number（ 6 digit），item code（ 12 digits），unit weight（ 8 digits including decimal point），tare weight（ 9 digits including sign and decimal point），upper limit（9 digits including sign），lower limit（9 digits including sign），total count（9 digits including sign），number of additions（8 digit）$C_{R} L_{F}$ ．

Command


Request the contents of the next ID．
Reply

| M | R | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | , | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | $\mathrm{},$,

Store the unit weight and tare weight into a specified ID memory．
Command


Reply
ID number：Maximum 6 digit
Unit weight：Maximum 8 digit including decimal point
Tare weight：
Maximum 8 digit including decimal point（＂kg＂or＂lb＂ depends on $F-0.0$ setting）．
－Store the item code into a specified ID memory．
Command


Reply
ID Number：Maximum 6 digit
Item Code：Maximum 12 digit
The example above is stored as
$\square$ Store the comparator limits into a specified ID memory.

Reply
AK
ID number:Maximum 6 digit
Upper limit
Maximum 9 digit including sign
Lower limit: Maximum 9 digit including sign
$\square$ Store the total count and number of additions into a specified ID memory,
Command


Reply

```
AK
```

ID number:Maximum 6 digits
Total count:
Maximum 9 digits including sign
Number of addition: Maximum 8 digits
$\square$ Request the scale to reply with the F-Function settings.


Command | $?$ | F | C | C | $L_{F}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad$ Request to reply with the setting of the next F-Function.

Reply


Store the specified F-Function setting value
Command


Set " 1234 " as the Upper limit.

F-Function number: 4 digits
Setting value:
Maximum 8 digits including sign.
Reply

```
AK
```

Command
 Start with new settings.

Reply

```
                        AK
```

Having finished the "FC" command, send the "ON" command to start the scale with new settings. The scale replies <AK> (06H) and starts.

### 12.6.Using a Bar Code Reader

- The bar code reader can be connected to the RS-232C interface on the scale. It can read bar codes for the ID number, unit weight, tare weight and comparator limits.Any of the RS-232C interfaces can be used for the bar code reader.
$\square$ Set the F-Function $F-05 / \square 7 / 0 \Omega-01=" 5 "$ to use a bar code reader. For example, to use Ch. 1 (PORT 1), set $F-17-\square 1=" 5 "$.
- Refer to "13.1. OP-01 Bar Code Reader" about the optional bar code reader.


## Requirement for the Bar Code Reader

| Interface | EIA RS-232C |
| :--- | :--- |
| Baud rate | 2400, 4800, 9600 bps |
| Character code | ASCII |
| Terminator | CR Or CRLF $^{\prime}$ |
| Bar code | EAN/JAN, UPC, Codabar (NW-7), Interleaved 2 of 5, |
|  | Code39 etc., depending on the bar code reader. |
| Connector | D-Sub 9pin connector (recommended) |

In most cases, a bar code reader with an RS-232C interface is to connect directly with a personal computer. The signals must be converted to connect this kind of bar code reader with the scale. Refer to the diagram below.


Do not use RS-232C adapter/cable to connect the bar cod reader (OP-01) to the RS-232C interface on the scale.

Some bar codes will have start and stop characters. But, set your bar code reader not to send those characters to the scale. The scale doesn't accept such data.

EAN/JAN/UPC bar codes usually have a check digit and other bar codes may have either. But, set your bar code reader not to send the check digit. The scale doesn't accept such data. If sent, the scale cannot tell the difference between data and the check digit.
$\square$ Read the instruction/technical manual of your bar code reader to connect it with the scale.

## Bar Code Data and Format

The bar code data that the scale accepts are ID number, unit weight, tare weight and comparator limits.
[ The bar code has " 2 digit identification code +6 digit numbers" for the ID number and " 2 digit identification code + maximum 10 digit numbers including sign and decimal point" for the other data.

The unit weight and tare weight must be within 6 digits, except insignificant zeros.
Unit weight 123.456 g :

Tare weight 10 kg :

> "12+123.456" acceptable
"12+00123.456" acceptable
"12+0123.4560" not acceptable
"15+10" acceptable
"15+0000010.0" acceptable
"15+010.00000" not acceptable
The comparator limits must be within 7 digits, except insignificant zeros.
Upper limit:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
" 17+123 " & \text { acceptable } \\
" 17+000000123 " & \text { acceptable } \\
" 17+012345670 " & \text { not acceptable }
\end{array}
$$

| Bar Code <br> Data | Identification <br> Code | Numbers | Function |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| ID Number | 01 | 6 digits ID number. | Recall the unit weight by ID <br> number. Similar function to "3.5. <br> Unit Weight By ID Number". |
| Unit Weight <br> (g) | 12 | 10 digits including sign <br> and decimal point. | Enter a unit weight in "g" directly. <br> Similar to "3.4. Unit Weight By <br> KEYBOARD" |
| Unit Weight <br> (lb) | 13 | 10 digits including sign <br> and decimal point. | Enter a unit weight in "lb" directly. <br> Similar to "3.4. Unit Weight By <br> KEYBOARD" |
| Unit Weight <br> (lb/1000pcs) | 14 | 10 digits including sign <br> and decimal point. | Enter a unit weight in "Ib/1000pcs" <br> directly. Similar to "3.4. Unit <br> Weight By KEYBOARD". |
| Tare Weight <br> (kg) | 15 | 10 digits including sign <br> and decimal point. | Enter a tare weight in "kg" directly. <br> Similar to "4.1. Using the <br> KEYBOARD TARE Key". |
| Tare Weight <br> (lb) | 16 | 10 digits including sign <br> and decimal point. | Enter a tare weight in "lb" directly. <br> Similar to "4.1. Using the <br> KEYBOARD TARE Key". |
| Comparator <br> Upper limit | 17 | 10 digits including sign. | Change comparator upper limit <br> temporarily. |
| Comparator <br> Lower limit | 18 | 10 digits including sign. | Change comparator lower limit <br> temporarily. |
| Tare Weight <br> (g) | 19 | 10 digits including sign <br> and decimal point. | Enter a tare weight in "g" directly. <br> Similar to "4.1. Using the <br> KEYBOARD TARE Key". |

If the EAN/JAN/UPC-A is used for ID number, put leading zeros (that are "0" for the high-order digits) to keep the necessary digit number.
Example of ID number "000123"
EAN/JAN-13 010000000123[3] ([3] shows check digit)
EAN-8 0100123[5] ([5] shows check digit)
UPC-A 01000000123[5] ([5] shows check digit)
When the data from bar code reader is not acceptable, the scale will beep 4 times.
$s$ The data contains too many digits or too many significant digits.
$\AA$ The data contains invalid identification code.
$J$ The data is out of range. (The tare data is more than the capacity, etc.)
$\boldsymbol{J}$ The tare or unit weight has a minus sign.
$\&$ The data has start / stop characters or a check digit. These will lead to the invalid identification code, too many digits and so on.

The check digit may be accepted as a wrong number.
Do not set the bar code reader to send the check digit.
Example: EAN-8 / 0100123[5] ([5] is a check digit) can be accepted as ID number "001235".

## Examples of Bar Code

| ID Number $=123456$ |  | Interleaved 2 of 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ID Number = 123456 |  | EAN/JAN-13 |
| ID Number = 123 |  | EAN/JAN-8 |
| ID Number = 123 |  | UPC-A |
| Unit weight = 123.456g |  | Code 39 |
| Unit weight $=0.27217 \mathrm{lb}$ |  | Code 39 |
| Tare weight $=1.234 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  | Code 39 |
| Tare weight $=0.5 \mathrm{lb}$ |  | Code 39 |
| Comparator upper limit $=12345$ |  | Codabar (NW-7) |

### 12.7.Using UFC (Universal Flex Coms) Function

The UFC function allows you to print out as you format the printer (UFC format).
$\square$ The scale can store the UFC format as text data. It will include parameters to replace with the count data, weight data and so on.

The maximum number of text data is 384 characters.
$\square$ Using "PF" command, the text data has to be sent to the scale in advance.
When the PRINT key is pressed or by auto-print mode A/B, the scale will send the stored text data with the parameters replaced by the original data.

- Terminator for the "PF" command is " $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{R}}$ " or " $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{R} L} \mathrm{FF}^{\prime}$.
$\square$ The UFC format data can be sent through one RS-232C interface only.
Set one of $F-06 / 07 / 0 B-0 \mid$ at " $6 ", ~ " 7 "$ or " $B$ " to send the data. The others must be set at "0" $\sim " 5 "$ ("Ч" will be recommended if the other format data is not necessary to send).


## Store Text Data into the Scale Memory



The "PF" command sends text data that will include:
$\square$ Parameters for the scale data and control codes

| Parameter | Data \& Code |
| :---: | :--- |
| \$PC | Count |
| \$WT | Weight |
| \$UW | Unit weight in use |
| \$TR | Tare weight in use |
| \$TL | Total count |
| \$AN | Accumulation numbers |
| \$CD | ID number in use |
| \$NM | Item code in use |


| Parameter | Data \& Code |
| :---: | :--- |
| \$CP | Comparator result |
| \$DT | Date |
| \$TM | Time |
| \$CM | Comma |
| \$SP | Space |
| \$CR | Carriage Return |
| \$LF | Line Feed |

. These parameters must be used capital letters.
$\square$ ASCII text string
Text string is described in single quote marks as 'Data'.
The single quote itself is written as "(2 single quotes).
Example: Text 'ABC' is described as "'ABC'".
$\square$ The ASCII hexadecimal code
The ASCII hexadecimal codes are written in the form "\#" + 2 hexadecimal digits.
This will mainly be used to send control codes that can't be described as a text string.
Example: \#04 "EOT" of ASCII code

## $\square$ Repeat data

The control codes \$SP, \$CR and \$LF can be used with "* + maximum 2 digit number". That code will be repeated the number of times designated.

Example: \$LF*9 Repeat "\$LF" 9 times.
\$SP*12 Put 12 "Spaces".

- Link mark "\&"

If you will send more than 2 lines of data, attach "\&" to the end of the first line. Then, the scale considers the data to be continued.
\. "Space" or "," will be used to separate these data. You can skip them, but you cannot skip "," after "PF". You must start with "PF,".

## Data Format for the Scale Data ー" in examples below shows "Space" (20H)

Parameters for the scale data will be replaced by the format below when the scale sends them out.

Data has a fixed number of digits including a sign and a decimal point. The insignificant zeros are replaced by "Space (20H)" (except the ID number).

| \$PC |  |  |  |  | + | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | $-\mathrm{P}$ | P C | 1234 pcs / 9 digit data +3 digit unit <br> $4.3210 \mathrm{~kg} / 9$ digit data +3 digit unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$WT |  | - | + | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
| \$UW | + | 1 |  | 2 | 23 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 |  |  | $1.234567 \mathrm{~g} / 9$ digit data +3 digit unit |
| \$TR |  |  | + | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |  | $1.2345 \mathrm{~kg} / 9$ digit data +3 digit unit |
| \$TL |  |  | + | 9 | 9 | 9 |  | 9 | 9 | 9 |  |  | 999999 pcs / 9 digit data +3 digit unit |
| \$AN |  |  |  |  | - 1 | 2 |  |  | 4 |  | 234 ti | times | / 8 digit data |
| \$CD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | - 3 |  |  | N | um | ber 00 | 00123 | / 6 digit data |
| \$NM | Z |  | D | - | - 5 |  |  |  | V |  |  |  | 12 characters |
| \$CP | O |  |  | Rest Rest | sult |  |  |  |  | cha | aracte <br> e. |  |  |
| \$DT | 0 | 3 | / | 1 | 18 | / 1 |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | The order of date obeys F-11-0 1 . |  |
| \$TM | 1 | 2 | 2 : | 3 | 34 | : |  | 5 | 6 |  | 2(h) 3 | 34(m) | 56(s) |

## Examples of PF command and AD－8127 Printout Sample

AD－8127 Printout

प एबएयद
प एबएयद
फच
फच
ए母म
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फश4 ค
फश4 ค
णिt बिधा+
णिt बिधा+
4 जबF\%
4 जबF\%
जिए
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भッチ区 ल
भッチ区 ल
एयधेश्र
एयधेश्र
124456
124456
जए ए- 5 :
जए ए- 5 :
" ${ }^{\prime}$ shows "Space.".

Normally the printer needs to receive the terminator，and do not forget to add the terminator code（s）to the end of text data．

## 13. OPTIONS

### 13.1. OP-01 Bar Code Reader

The OP-01 includes a bar code reader, RS-232C cable, AC adapter (100V~240V), power plug adapter (US to European plug) and a setting-up bar code sheet.
$\square$ The OP-01 bar code reader can be connected to one of the RS-232C interfaces. It can read bar codes for the ID number, unit weight, tare weight and comparator limits.

When the bar code reader reads the ID number, the scale will recall unit weight from ID memory instead of by using the ID key.

- Set the F-Function $F-06 / 17 / 108-\Omega 1=" 5 "$ to use a bar code reader. For example, to use Ch. 1 (PORT 1), set $F-\boxed{\square 7-\cap 1=" ら " . ~}$

Refer to "12-6. Using a Bar Code Reader" about the bar code data and prepare bar code labels.

The OP-01 bar code reader can be connected to one of the RS-232C interfaces. It can read bar codes for the ID number, unit weight, tare weight and comparator limits.


- Aim the scanner at the barcode and press the trigger.
- Ensure the scan line crosses every bar and space.

WRONG

- Do not hold the scanner directly over the barcode.
- Maximum reading distance is approx. 15 mm (6 inches).


## Using OP-01 Bar Code Reader

1. Plug the modular connector of RS-232C cable into the port on the bottom of bar code reader, and twist the lock to the right to lock it.
2. Connect the other end of the RS-232C cable to the RS-232C interface of the scale.
3. Plug in the AC adapter for OP-01. AC adapter jack is located at the side of the RS-232C cable connector.
4. Set the F-Function F-06/07/08-01="5" according to the interface you connected.
For example, to use Ch. 1 (PORT 1), set F-ロ7-ロ = = 5".
5. Read the next bar codes step by step, then the bar code reader will be set to work with the scale.


AC adapter plug

This sets the RS-232C to be 9600 bps and 8 bits data / non parity. Set the F-Function $F-06 / 07 / 09-104=" ? "$ and $F-06 / 07 / 109-05=" ? "$. For example, to use Ch. 1 (PORT 1), set $F-07-04=" 2 "$ and $F-07-05=" 2 "$.
? By this set-up, the FC-i / FC-Si can accept bar codes of EAN-13/8, JAN-13/8, UPC-A/E, Codabar (NW-7), Interleaved 2 of 5 and Code 39.

The UPC-A bar code can not be used together with EAN/JAN-13.
Refer to "Note 1" at "Step 4".
Note 1: When using UPC-A bar code, skip "Step 4".

| STEP | Set-up Bar Code | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step 1 | \|||||||||||||||| | Start of configuration |
| Step 2 | \|||||||||||||||||||| | Rest to default settings |
| Step 3 | \|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||| | Select RS-232C interface |
| Step 4 <br> Refer to Note 1 | \||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||| | Force UPC-A to EAN-13 |
| Step 5 |  | Disable transmitting UPC-A check digit |


| Step 6 |  | Disable transmitting UPC-E check digit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step 7 | \|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||| | Disable transmitting EAN-13 check digit |
| Step 8 | \|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||| | Disable transmitting EAN-8 check digit |
| Step 9 |  | Disable transmitting CODABAR Start/Stop character |
| Step 10 |  | Disable transmitting CODE 39 check digit |
| Step 11 | \||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||| | Disable transmitting Interleaved 2 of 5 check digit |
| Step 12 | \||||||||||||||||||||||||| | End of configuration |

### 13.2. OP-02 Ni-MH Battery Pack

## Using OP-02 Battery Pack

By using the OP-02 Ni-MH battery pack, the scale can be operated for around 10 hours, after a full charge and using no other options.

1. After making sure that the battery switch on the battery pack is "OFF" position, insert the battery pack firmly into the rear side of the scale.

2. Tighten the lock screw on the battery pack.
3. When desired, turn the battery switch on to supply power to the scale. The display will come on after its self-check.
4. Use the STANDBY/OPERATE key to turn the display on or off. When the scale is in standby mode, a period appears in the weight display as an indicator.
 When the count display shows " $1 \square$ bRt" for low battery, the battery power is almost exhausted and should be recharged.


Before getting to low battery, the display will show " La bRI" on and off to indicate that the battery power is coming close to low battery.

The STANDBY/OPERATE key only turns the display on or off (and keeps the scale warmed up on standby). When the scale is not used for a long periods, switch the battery switch to "OFF" position.

## Recharging the Battery

1. Turn the battery switch off on the battery pack.
2. Fully loosen the lock screw and remove the battery.

If you want to recharge the battery while it is still in the scale, you may do so. In that case, disregard step 2 - but do not turn the battery switch on. If you wish to use the scale, connect another AC adapter.
3. Connect the AC adapter to the battery pack.

The battery pack will take about 15 hours to fully charge.
$\square$ Charge the battery pack at a temperature between $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
Do not charge too long as overcharging will reduce the life of batteries.
$\square$ Be sure to charge the battery pack when using for the first time or if it was not used for long time (more than one month). Two or three times of recharging may be needed to reach full charge.

Be sure to use the AC adapter that is provided with the scale.

| Battery <br> switch | AC Adapter <br> to battery pack | AC Adapter <br> to scale | Charge | Scale operation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON or OFF | Connected | Connected | Yes | Operational |
| ON or OFF | Not connected | Connected | No | Operational |
| OFF | Connected | Not connected | Yes | Not operational |
| ON | Connected | Not connected | No | Not recommended (See note) |

Note The scale will be operational. After connecting the AC adapter to the battery pack, you may have to turn the battery switch OFF once and turn it ON to operate the scale.

### 13.3. OP-03 2 Ch. RS-232C

Multiple RS-232C interfaces expanding your counting applications are obtained by installing OP-03.

## OP-03 Installation

1. Disconnect the AC adapter from the scale.
2. Remove the two screws and panel covering the OP-03/04 slot.
3. Connect the connector in the scale to the OP-03 unit.
4. Secure the OP-03 unit using the screws removed in the step 2 above.
$\square$ Specifications are same as the standard RS-232C interface and refer to " 12 . RS-232C SERIAL INTERFACE".


### 13.4.OP-04 RS-232C and Comparator Relay Output

Multiple RS-232C interfaces and relay output for the comparator results are obtained by installing OP-04.

## OP-04 Installation

See the OP-03 installation.

- OP-04 is installed to the same slot as option OP-03.

The RS-232C specifications are same as the standard RS-232C interface.
Refer to "12. RS-232C SERIAL INTERFACE".


## Comparator Relay Output Circuit



Mating connector MSTB 2.5/4-STF-5.08 (Attached to the OP-04)


## Maximum rating of the Relay Output

The maximum rating of the replay output is as follows.

- Maximum voltage: 50V DC
- Maximum current: 100 mA DC
- Maximum ON resistance: $8 \Omega$


### 13.5. OP-05 Remote Scale Interface

A two-scale system using the scale is possible by installing OP-05 and connecting a remote scale. You can use any load cell platform that meets the conditions in this section.

## OP-05 Installation

1. Disconnect the AC adapter from the scale.
2. Remove the two screws and panel covering the Remote scale slot.
3. Connect the connector in the scale to the OP-05 unit.

4. Secure the OP-05 unit using the screws removed in the step 2 above.

If you are not using the remote scale for the moment, attach the protective screw cap to the remote scale connector.


## Notes on Using the Remote Scale

To get a highly accurate counting unit weight, use the main scale to register the unit weight and use ACAI feature. After registration, switch to the remote scale to count.
If $F-01-03$ is set at " 1 ", then the scale will automatically switch to the remote scale after the unit weight (by sample pieces) is registered by the main scale.
Pressing the SAMPLE key will always return to the main scale.
$\square$ Be aware that both the main and remote scales have separate tare values. So, if you want to use a tare container on both, it must be tared on both.
$\square F-F u n c t i o n ~ F-01-06$ can be set so the remote scale has an independent unit weight, or is restricted to the same as the main scale.

## Specifications for Remote Scale

The scale has the ability of driving up to 4 load cells (350 ) in a remote scale (platform). Set for the capacity range 0.5 kg to $5,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ ( 1 lb to $10,000 \mathrm{lb}$ ).

The scale has the ability of driving up to 4 load cells $(350 \Omega)$ in a remote scale (platform).

Capacity range for the remote scale is 0.5 kg to $5,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ ( 1 lb to $10,000 \mathrm{lb}$ ).
Minimum output at zero point is 1 mV .
Maximum output at full load is 14 mV .
4. Excitation Voltage of the scale is 5 V .
$\square$ Cable length should be kept under 5 m (16.5 ft.) for higher accuracy.
$\square$ Pin connection (JM:NJC-207-PF):

## The Load Cell and Input Sensitivity

The relationship between load cell and input sensitivity $(X)$ for the scale is follows:Example
Load Cell Capacity
Rated Output
Min., Division of Display

| 100 kg | $" A "$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $3 m V / N$ | $" B$ " |
| 0.01 kg | $" D$ " |

When a single Load Cell is used, the following formula should apply:

$$
" X "=\frac{5,000 \times B \times D}{A} \mu \mathrm{~V}
$$

- System design will be satisfactory if " $X$ " is " $X$ " $=1.5 \mu \mathrm{~V}$.


## Capacity and Resolution

The resolution of the remote scale is automatically determined during the calibration procedure. The following is to enable you to calculate the resolution for a given capacity.

1. Decide the capacity value and assign it to "Ws". Maximum 5 digits.
2. Get the maximum count " Ns " for the capacity. Ignore the decimal point and add " 0 " to Ws until it is 5 digits.
3. Calculate: $d^{\prime}=\mathrm{Ns} / 10,000$.
4. Decide the minimum division "d".

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
d^{\prime}=1 & \rightarrow d=1 \\
2 \geq d^{\prime}>1 & \rightarrow d=2 \\
5 \geq d^{\prime}>2 & \rightarrow d=5 \\
d^{\prime}>5 & \rightarrow d=10 \text { This should be changed to } d=1, \text { dividing Ns by } 10 .
\end{array}
$$

5. Now "Ns x d" and the resolution $1 / \mathrm{No}=\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{Ns}$ can be determined.

| Step | Parameters | Example 1 | Example 2 | Example 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Ws | 200 kg | 30.0 kg | 600 kg |
| 2 | Ns | 20,000 | 30,000 | 60,000 |
| 3 | $\mathrm{~d}^{\prime}$ | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| 4 | d | $2(=0.02 \mathrm{~kg})$ | $5(=0.005 \mathrm{~kg})$ | $10(=0.1 \mathrm{~kg})$ |
| 5 | $\mathrm{Ns} \times \mathrm{d}$ | $20,000 \times 2$ | $30,000 \times 5$ | $6,000 \times 1$ |
|  | $1 / \mathrm{No} \mathrm{(=d/Ns})$ | $1 / 10,000$ | $1 / 6,000$ | $1 / 6,000$ |

6. Calculate the voltage sensitivity "Es".

Es $=($ As-Ao $) \times 5,000 \times 1 / \mathrm{No}(\mu \mathrm{V}) \quad[5,000$ means excitation voltage 5 V$]$
Ao: Load cell output at zero point ( $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ )
As: Load cell output at full capacity ( $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ )
7. Check the voltage sensitivity "Es".

Es $\geq 0.5 \mu \mathrm{~V} \rightarrow$ Calculated " $\mathrm{Ns} \mathrm{xd"}$ " is fixed. In example 3 in the step 5, a 600 kg x 0.1 kg scale will be obtained.
$\mathrm{Es}<0.5 \mu \mathrm{~V} \rightarrow$ Change " d " for new resolution 1/No.
$\mathrm{d}=1 \rightarrow 2$
$\mathrm{d}=2 \rightarrow 5$
$\mathrm{d}=5 \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 1$ (dividing "Ns" by 10)
In example 1, the new $\mathrm{d}=5$ : $1 / \mathrm{No}=\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{Ns}=5 / 20,000=1 / 4,000(200 \mathrm{~kg} \times 0.05 \mathrm{~kg})$ In example 2,
the new $d=1$ and $N s=3,000: 1 / N o=d / N s=1 / 3,000$ (30kg $x$ 0.01 kg )

Using the new $1 / \mathrm{No}$, go to step 6 and repeat it until Es $\geq 0.5 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ in step 7 .

## Remote Scale kg/lb relationship

USA Version ONLY
$\square$ When the capacity was set by "kg":
Let capacity $\times$ minimum division $=\mathrm{Ws} \times \mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{kg})$
When:
$d=1$, then $W d(\mathrm{lb})=\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{kg}) \times 2$
$d=2$, then $\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{lb})=\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{kg}) \times 5 / 2$
$d=5$, then $W d(\mathrm{lb})=\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{kg}) \times 2$
And:
Ws $(\mathrm{lb})=\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{kg}) \times$ No
Example: $15 \mathrm{~kg} \times 0.002 \mathrm{~kg}$, $\mathrm{No}=15 \mathrm{~kg} / 0.002 \mathrm{~kg}=7,500$
$\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{lb})=0.002 \times 5 / 2=0.005(\mathrm{lb})$

$$
\mathrm{Ws}(\mathrm{lb})=0.005(\mathrm{lb}) \times 7,500=37.5(\mathrm{lb})
$$

When the capacity was set by "lb":
Let capacity x minimum division $=\mathrm{Ws} \times \mathrm{Wd}$ ( lb )
When:
$\mathrm{d}=1$, then $\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{kg})=\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{lb}) \times 1 / 2$
$\mathrm{d}=2$, then $\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{kg})=\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{lb}) \times 1 / 2$
$d=5$, then $\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{kg})=\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{lb}) \times 2 / 5$
And:
Ws (kg) $=\mathrm{Wd}(\mathrm{lb}) \times \mathrm{No}$
Example: $30 \mathrm{lb} \times 0.005 \mathrm{lb}$, $\mathrm{No}=30 \mathrm{lb} / 0.005 \mathrm{lb}=6,000$
$W d(\mathrm{~kg})=0.005 \times 2 / 5=0.002(\mathrm{~kg})$
$\mathrm{Ws}(\mathrm{kg})=0.002(\mathrm{~kg}) \times 6,000=12(\mathrm{~kg})$

## Calibrating the Remote Scale

When a remote scale is newly connected, set the capacity and calibrate the scale using a weight.

The scale must be warmed up (plugged in) for at least 30 minutes before starting calibration.

1. Remove the calibration switch cover, and press the calibration CAL switch. The scale shows "CAL" in the count display.
$\square$ Press the CAL switch to exit without calibrating the scale.
2. Press the REMOTE SCALE key to display SCALE " " ".

B When SCALE " " is displayed, press the REMOTE SCALE key again.
$\square$ Once the remote scale has been calibrated, the display will go to step 4.

SCALE ": ": Main Scale
SCALE """: Remote Scale


Meximun एefeyty exy

3. Use the $0 \rightarrow 9$ and $\square$ 10-key pad to display the desired capacity. (Example of capacity 2000kg)
4. Press the ENTER key.

The capacity value stops blinking.
$\square$ When the remote scale has been changed or to change capacity, go back to step 3.

5. Press the ENTER key again to store the capacity entered and the remote scale is ready to be calibrated.

6. Go to step 2 in section "9.1. Calibration Procedure Using a Weight" to calibrate the remote scale.

## 14. SPECIFICATIONS

| MODEL | FC-500i | FC-1000i | FC-2000i | FC-5000i | FC-10Ki | FC-20Ki | FC-50Ki |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacity (k)g | 500 g | 1 kg | 2 kg | 5000 g | 10 kg | 20 kg | 50 kg |
| Resolution (k)g | 0.05 g | 0.1 g | 0.2 g | 0.5 g | 1 g | 2 g | 5 g |
| Capacity lb | 1 lb | 2 lb | 5 lb | 10 lb | 20 lb | 50 lb | 100 lb |
| Resolution Ib | 0.0001 lb | 0.0002 lb | 0.0005 lb | 0.001 lb | 0.002 lb | 0.005 lb | 0.01 lb |
| Sample Size | 10 pieces normal $-5,25,50,100$ or random number, user selectable |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. Unit Weight (Normal mode) | 0.01 g | 0.02 g | 0.04 g | 0.1 g | 0.2 g | 0.4 g | 1 g |
| Min. Unit Weight (Fine mode) | 0.0005 g | 0.001 g | 0.002 g | 0.005 g | 0.01 g | 0.02 g | 0.05 g |
| Non-linearity | $\pm 0.05 \mathrm{~g}$ | $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~g}$ | $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~g}$ | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~g}$ | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~g}$ | $\pm 2 \mathrm{~g}$ | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~g}$ |
| Repeatability | 0.05 g | 0.1 g | 0.2 g | 0.5 g | 1 g | 2 g | 5 g |
| Span Drift | $0.002 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ typ. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Temp. | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, less than $85 \%$ R.H. (No Condensation) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Display | 7 segment / 5x7 dot VFD |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Display Update | Approximately 10 times per second |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interface | RS-232C (1ch.) standard, Maximum 3 ch . with optional interface |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power | AC adapter or Optional Ni-MH Battery Pack Battery Operating Time: Approx. 10 hours (main scale only) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Platform Size | $205 \times 152(\mathrm{~mm})$ <br> $8.1 \times 6.0$ (inches) |  | $\begin{gathered} 315 \times 270 \text { (mm) } \\ 12.4 \times 10.6 \text { (inches) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions $(\mathrm{W}) \times(\mathrm{D}) \times(\mathrm{H})$ | $\begin{gathered} 330 \times 462 \times 107 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 13.0 \times 18.2 \times 4.2 \\ \text { inches } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 330 \times 462 \times 117 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 13.0 \times 18.2 \times 4.6 \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Weight (approx.) | 5.5 kg | 5.5 kg | 6.5 kg | 6.7 kg | 6.7 kg | 6.7 kg | 7.5 kg |
| Calibration Weight | $\begin{gathered} 500 \mathrm{~g} \pm \\ 0.01 \mathrm{~g} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~kg} \pm \\ & 0.02 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{~kg} \pm \\ 0.05 \mathrm{~g} \end{gathered}$ | $5 \mathrm{~kg} \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~g}$ | $10 \mathrm{~kg} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~g}$ | $20 \mathrm{~kg} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~g}$ | $50 \mathrm{~kg} \pm 1 \mathrm{~g}$ |
| Accessories | This manual, AC adapter |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| MODEL | FC-500Si | FC-5000Si |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacity g | 500 g | 5000 g |
| Resolution g | 0.02 g | 0.2 g |
| Capacity lb | 1 lb | 10 lb |
| Resolution lb | 0.00005 lb | 0.0005 lb |
| Sample Size | 10 pieces normal $-5,25,50,100$ or random number, user selectable |  |
| Min. Unit Weight (Normal mode) | 0.001 g | 0.01 g |
| Min. Unit Weight (Fine mode) | 0.00005 g | 0.0005 g |
| Non-linearity | $\pm 0.02 \mathrm{~g}$ | $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~g}$ |
| Repeatability | 0.02 g | 0.2 g |
| Span Drift | $0.001 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ typ. |  |
| Operating Temp. | $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 41^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, less than $85 \%$ R.H. (No Condensation) |  |
| Display | 7 segment / 5x7 dot VFD |  |
| Display Update | Approximately 10 times per second |  |
| Interface | RS-232C (1ch.) standard, Maximum 3 ch . with optional interface |  |
| Power | AC adapter or Optional Ni-MH Battery Pack Battery Operating Time: Approx. 10 hours (main scale only) |  |
| Platform Size | $128 \times 128(\mathrm{~mm}) / 5.0 \times 5.0$ inches | $165 \times 165(\mathrm{~mm}) / 6.5 \times 6.5$ inches |
| Dimensions $\text { (W) } \times(\mathrm{D}) \times(\mathrm{H})$ | $\begin{gathered} 330 \times 462 \times 106 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 13.0 \times 18.2 \times 4.2 \text { inches } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Weight (approx.) | 7.6 kg | 8.1 kg |
| Calibration Weight | $500 \mathrm{~g} \pm 0.005 \mathrm{~g}$ | $5000 \mathrm{~g} \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~g}$ |
| Accessories | This manual, AC adapter |  |

## Options

| OP-01 | Bar Code Reader |
| :--- | :--- |
| OP-02 | Ni-MH Battery Pack |
| OP-03 | RS-232C x 2ch. (Confirm the following note) |
| OP-04 | RS-232C x 1ch. + Comparator Relay output (Confirm the following note) |
| OP-05 | Remote Scale Interface |
| Note | OP-03 and OP-04 can not be installed at the same time. |

14.1. Dimensions


## 15. GRAVITY ACCELERATION MAP

Values of gravity at various locations

| Amsterdam | $9.813 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Athens | $9.807 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Auckland, NZ | $9.799 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Bangkok | $9.783 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Birmingham | $9.813 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Brussels | $9.811 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Buenos Aires | $9.797 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Calcutta | $9.788 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Cape Town | $9.796 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Chicago | $9.803 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Copenhagen | $9.815 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Cyprus | $9.797 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Djakarta | $9.781 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Frankfurt | $9.810 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Glasgow | $9.816 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Havana | $9.788 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Helsinki | $9.819 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Kuwait | $9.793 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Lisbon | $9.801 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| London (Greenwich) | $9.812 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Los Angeles | $9.796 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Madrid | $9.800 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |


| Manila | $9.784 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Melbourne | $9.800 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Mexico City | $9.779 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Milan | $9.806 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| New York | $9.802 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Oslo | $9.819 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{2}$ |
| Ottawa | $9.806 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{2}$ |
| Paris | $9.809 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Rio de Janeiro | $9.788 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Rome | $9.803 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| San Francisco | $9.800 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Singapore | $9.781 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Stockholm | $9.818 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Sydney | $9.797 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Taichung | $9.789 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Taiwan | $9.788 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Taipei | $9.790 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{2}$ |
| Tokyo | $9.798 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{2}$ |
| Vancouver, BC | $9.809 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Washington, DC | $9.801 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Wellington, NZ | $9.803 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Zurich | $9.807 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |



ACCELERATION DUE TO GRAVITY


## 16．INDEX

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MEMO

MEMO


## A\＆D Company，Limited

3－23－14 Higashi－lkebukuro，Toshima－ku，Tokyo 170－0013，JAPAN
Telephone：［81］（3）5391－6132 Fax：［81］（3）5391－1566

## A\＆D ENGINEERING，INC．

47747 Warm Springs Blvd，Fremont，California 94539，U．S．A．
Tel：［1］（800）726－3364 Weighing Support：［1］（888）726－5931 Inspection Support：［1］（855）332－8815

## A\＆D INSTRUMENTS LIMITED

Unit 24／26 Blacklands Way，Abingdon Business Park，Abingdon，Oxfordshire OX14 1DY United Kingdom Telephone：［44］（1235） 550420 Fax：［44］（1235） 550485

## A\＆D AUSTRALASIA PTY LTD

32 Dew Street，Thebarton，South Australia 5031，AUSTRALIA
Telephone：［61］（8）8301－8100 Fax：［61］（8）8352－7409

## A\＆D KOREA Limited 한국에이．엔．디（주）

서울특별시 영등포구 국제금융로6길33（여의도동）맨하탄빌딩 817 우편 번호 07331
（ 817，Manhattan Bldg．，33．Gukjegeumyung－ro 6－gil，Yeongdeungpo－gu，Seoul， 07331 Korea ）
전화：［82］（2）780－4101 팩스：［82］（2）782－4264

## OOO A\＆D RUS ООО＂ЭЙ энд ДИ РУС＂

Почтовый адрес：121357，Российская Федерация，г．Москва，ул．Верейская，дом 17
Юридический адрес：117545，Российская Федерация，г．Москва，ул．Дорожная，д．3，корп．6，комн． 8 б （ 121357，Russian Federation，Moscow，Vereyskaya Street 17 ）
тел．：［7］（495）937－33－44 факс：［7］（495）937－55－66

## A\＆D Instruments India Private Limited

ऐ\＆डी इन्स्ट्र्यमेन्ट्स इण्डिया प्रा० लिमिटेड
D－48，उद्योग विहार ，फेस -5 ，गुड़गांव－122016，हरियाणा，भारते
（ D－48，Udyog Vihar，Phase－V，Gurgaon－122016，Haryana，India ）
फोन ：［91］（124） 4715555 फैक्स ：［91］（124） 4715599


A\＆D INSTRUMENTS（THAILAND）LIMITED ปริษัท เอ แอนด์ ดี อินสทรูเม้นท์（ไทยแลนด์）จำกัด $168 / 16$ หมูที่ 1 ตำบลรังสิต อำเภอธัญบุรี จังหวัดปทุมธานี 12110 ประเทศไทย （ 168／16 Moo 1，Rangsit，Thanyaburi，Pathumthani 12110 Thailand ）
Tel ：［66］ 20038911


[^0]:    (i)
    a"id-00000" is a special memory area. It always holds the last Unit Weight entered.

    When you register a unit weight, it is automatically placed in the ID" id-00000".

    If you clear the unit weight by pressing the RESET key, it can be recalled by recalling the ID " $10-00000$ ".

[^1]:    " id-00000", the special memory area, does not store a tare weight, comparator limits and total count along with unit weight.

